**Risk-lovers in Periwigs** 

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# Introduction

### Motivation

- Modelling attitudes toward risk is fundamental in decision theory
  - empirical measurement is difficult
  - experiments involve low stakes
  - people both gamble and buy insurance
- Explaining asset prices in terms of the pay-offs is fundamental in finance

- clean characterization of the pay-offs is difficult
- ▶ if only we had:
  - a market populated with real investors putting serious money
  - assets with perfectly known pay-offs
  - sufficient variation in pay-off characteristics
  - observations on equilibrium prices of these assets

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  - observations on equilibrium prices of these assets
- ▶ or maybe we do...

- 1. Introduction
- 2. Lottery Loans in English and British public finance
- 3. Analysis of the prices



#### Lottery Loans

- gambling has been around forever
- sale of lotteries by governments to raise funds:
  - begins in 15th c. Flemish cities
  - spreads in 16th c. to Italy
  - arrives in late 17th c. in northern Europe
- England began issuing lottery loans in 1694
- Iottery loans were very common in 18th c. Europe

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### Lottery Loans in Britain

- first loan issued in 1694, a second one (unsuccessful) in 1697
- England began issuing lottery loans in 1694
- Britain started again in 1710, continued to do so until 1768
- they formed a sizeable share of government loans (40% during the War of Spanish Succession, 1703–14)

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▶ the State Lottery continued until 1826, but as a cash lottery

# Share of lottery loans in debt funding

Period	Increases in f		
	Total	Lottery loans	(%)
1694–1700	8,380,230	1,000,000	11.9
1703–15	37,448,102	10,500,000	28.0
1719–26	19,429,220	4,911,990	25.3
1742-51	31,489,272	4,672,727	14.8
1755–68	64,095,553	6,042,256	9.4



### Characteristics of the loans

- tickets sold for cash (except in 1748, 1759–68 when bundled with sale of annuities)
- ▶ ticket price was usually £10 (sometimes £100, sometimes £5 or £3)
- > a draw took place that determined the size of the bond for each ticket
- the bonds were ex-post identical (except for size)
  - ▶ in 1694 and 1710, bonds paid off a constant annuity for 16 or 32 years
  - from 1711 to 1719, they paid off a fixed coupon + redemption within 32 years (timing determined by a second draw)
  - from 1721, they were perpetual (but redeemable) annuities (consols)
  - those of 1721–24 were redeemed soon after, those of 1726 and after were long-lived

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- Characteristics

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# the Drawing of the Lottery (1739)





Characteristics

Prizes

### Characteristics of Lotteries (1694–1743)

Year	Size (£m)	cost (%)	Authority	Royal assent	ticket price (£)	draw	benefits
1694	1.00	11.57	5 W & M, c. 7	2 Apr 1694	10	8 Oct - 5 Dec	16-year annuities
1697	1.40	4.06	8 & 9 Will. 3, c. 22	16 Apr 1697	10	10 Aug - 17 Aug	4% annuities, no term
1710	1.50	8.30	8 Anne, c. 4	18 Jan 1710	10	26 Jul - 26 Sep	32-year annuities
1711	1.50	8.39	9 Anne, c. 6	6 March 1711	10	2 Oct - 8 Jan	6%, reimbursed in 32 years
1711 (*)	2.00	8.68	9 Anne, c. 23	12 June 1711	100	1 Aug - 15 Aug	6%, reimbursed in 32 years
1712	1.80	8.62	10 Anne, c. 19	22 May 1712	10	20 Nov - 22 Jan	6%, reimbursed in 32 years
1712 (*)	1.80	8.62	10 Anne, c. 26	21 June 1712	100	30 Sep - 16 Oct	6%, reimbursed in 32 years
1713	0.50	5.95	12 Anne, st. 1, c 11	13 Oct 1713	10	11 Jan - 13 Feb	4%, reimbursed in 32 years
1714	1.40	6.52	12 Anne, st. 2 c. 9	9 Jul 1714	10	3 Jan - 4 Apr	4 or 5%, reimbursed in 32 ye
1719	0.51	3.95	5 Geo 1, c. 3	18 Feb 1719	3	21 Sep - 31 Dec	4% redeemable annuities
1719	0.51	4.71	5 Geo. 1, c. 9	10 Mar 1719	3	21 Sep - 31 Dec	4% redeemable annuities
1721	0.70	4.00	7 Geo. 1, st. 1 c. 20	24 Jun 1721	10	2 Oct - 10 Nov	4% redeemable annuities
1722	0.70	4.00	8 Geo. 1, c. 2	12 Feb 1722	10	2 Jul - 9 Aug	4% redeemable annuities
1723	0.75	3.00	9 Geo. 1, c. 3	31 Jan 1723	10	17 Jun - 29 Jul	3% redeemable annuities
1724	0.75	3.00	10 Geo. 1, c. 2	19 Mar 1724	10	17 Aug - 1 Oct	3% redeemable annuities
1726	1.00	3.00	12 Geo. 1, c. 2	24 Feb 1726	10	19 Sep - 16 Nov	3% redeemable annuities
1731	0.80	3.00	4 Geo. 2, c. 9	7 May 1731	10	11 Oct - 25 Nov	3% redeemable annuities
1743	0.80	3.00	16 Geo. 2, c. 13	22 Mar 1743	10	21 Nov - 5 Jan	3% redeemable annuities

Prizes

### Characteristics of Lotteries (1644-1768)

Year	Size (£m)	cost (%)	Authority	Royal assent	ticket price (£)	draw	benefits
1744	0.60	3.00	17 Geo. 2, c. 18	22 Mar 1744	10	26 Nov - 3 Jan	3% redeemable annuities
1745	0.50	3.00	18 Geo. 2, c. 9	19 Mar 1745	10	25 Nov - 28 Dec	3% redeemable annuities
1746	0.50	4.00	19 Geo 2 c. 12	19 Mar 1746	10	24 Nov - 26 Dec	4% redeemable annuities
1747	1.00	4.00	20 Geo 2 c. 10	24 Mar 1747	10	23 Nov - 24 Dec	4% redeemable annuities
1748	0.57**	4.00	21 Geo. 2, c. 2	18 Feb 1748	10	12 Sep - 22 Oct	4% redeemable annuities
1751	0.70	3.00	24 Geo 2 c. 2	12 Mar 1751	10	11 Nov - 24 Dec	3% redeemable annuities
1755	1.00	3.00	28 Geo 2 c. 15	25 Apr 1755	10	6 Oct - 1 Nov	3% 1752 consols
1756	0.50	3.00	29 Geo 2 c. 7	9 Mar 1756	10	22 Nov - 23 Dec	3% 1752 consols
1758	0.50	3.00	31 Geo 2 c. 22	9 Jun 1758	10	13 Nov - 14 Dec	3% 1752 consols
1759	0.57**	3.00	32 Geo 2 c. 10	5 Apr 1759	10	13 Nov - 22 Dec	3% 1759 annuities
1760	0.23**	* * *	33 Geo 2 c. 7	4 Feb 1760	3	17 Nov - 13 Dec	4%-3% 1760 annuities
1761	0.60**	3.00	1 Geo 3 c. 7	20 Jan 1761	10	16 Nov - 24 Dec	3% 1752 consols
1763	0.29**	4.00	3 Geo 3 c. 12	31 Mar 1763	10	30 May - 21 Jun	4% 1763 annuities
1763	0.29**	4.00	3 Geo 3 c. 12	31 Mar 1763	10	28 Nov - 20 Dec	4% 1763 annuities
1765	0.25**	3.00	5 Geo 3 c. 23	10 May 1765	10	18 Nov - 24 Dec	3% 1752 consols
1766	0.60**	3.00	6 Geo 3 c. 39	6 Jun 1766	10	17 Nov - 24 Dec	3% 1752 consols
1767	0.60**	3.00	7 Geo 3 c. 24	20 May 1767	10	16 Nov - 15 Jan	3% 1752 consols
1768	0.60**	3.00	8 Geo 3 c. 31	8 Mar 1768	10	14 Nov - 3 Jan	3% 1752 consols

- Characteristics

Prizes

# Probability distribution of prizes (1)

	1694	1710	1711	1711 (classes)	1712	1712 (classes)	1713	1714	1719
20,000				5.0		5.6		0.7	0.6
12,000			0.7		1.7				
10,000	1.0	0.7					4.0	1.4	1.2
5,000	9.0	2.0	2.0	10.0	1.7	11.1	2.0	2.1	3.0
4,000		2.7	2.7	15.0	1.7	16.7	2.0	2.9	
3,000		2.7	2.7	20.0	3.3	22.2	2.0	3.6	
2,000		2.7	2.7	20.0	3.3	22.2	2.0	7.1	
1,500	1.0								
1,000	21.0	13.3	13.3	25.0	16.7	27.8	10.0	15.0	17.8
500	80.0	21.3	21.3	70.0	33.3	22.2	20.0	29.3	42.1
400				80.0		88.9			
300				100.0		111.1			
250	90.0								
200	300.0	66.7	66.7	3750.0	50.0	9405.6	40.0	71.4	
105									
to 130				99655.0		90266.7			
100	2000.0	400.7	166.7		166.7		100.0	357.1	239.5
50		1988.7	954.0		940.0		800.0	714.3	474.3
25									834.8
20			15434.0		15448.3		12982.0	16126.4	
10	97500.0		83333.3		83333.3		86036.0	82668.6	15053.5
8									
7		97500.0							
0									83333.2

- Characteristics

Prizes

# Probability distribution of prizes (2)

	1721–2	1723-4	1726	1731	1743	1744	1745–7	1748
20,000			1.0					
10,000	1.4	1.3	2.0	2.5	2.5	3.3	4.0	4.8
5,000	2.9	2.7	2.0	5.0	5.0	6.7	6.0	6.3
3,000	2.9	2.7	3.0	2.5	2.5			
2,000	4.3	4.0	5.0	6.3	6.3	8.3	10.0	11.1
1,000	30.0	28.0	29.0	18.8	20.0	21.7	32.0	31.7
500	44.3	54.7	50.0	27.5	32.5	43.3	64.0	63.5
100	214.3	333.3	360.0	296.3	311.3	331.7	302.0	271.4
50	571.4	666.7			586.3	673.3	796.0	701.6
20	9128.6	8906.7	7550.0	9643.8	10773.8	15215.0	13090.0	12801.6
8	90000.0							
7.5		90000.0	91998.0	89997.5				
7					88260.0			
6						83696.7	85696.0	86107.9



- Characteristics

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# Probability distribution of prizes (3)

	1751	1755	1756, 58	1759	1760	1761, 65, 66	1763	1767	1768
20,000				3.0				1.7	3.3
10,000	2.9	2.0	4.0		2.5	3.3	5.7	5.0	6.7
5,000	5.7	4.0	6.0	3.0	2.5	3.3	5.7	6.7	8.3
3,000	7.1			3.0					
2,000	11.4	6.0	12.0	3.0	5.0	6.7	11.4	16.7	16.7
1,000	30.0	32.0	36.0	39.4	17.5	18.3	31.4	31.7	35.0
500	60.0	42.0	60.0	47.0	27.5	35.0	80.0	71.7	68.3
100	285.7	198.0	284.0	227.3	125.0	166.7	357.1	333.3	333.3
50	600.0	4020.0	1252.0	1060.6	500.0	335.0	1514.3	1016.7	1000.0
20	13285.7		11350.0	12768.2	2500.0	19343.3	14571.4	34916.7	31958.3
6	85711.4	95696.0	86996.0	85845.5		80088.3			
5							83422.9		
0					83445.0			63600.0	66570.0

-Who invested in the lotteries?

- Winners

#### Winners

- Who invested in these lottery loans?
- we have a randomly drawn sample: the winners
- newspapers frequently reported particulars of the winners

- the existence of many can be confirmed
- some have left a trace in history

-Who invested in the lotteries?

Winners

### Winners (1694-1714)

1694 Lott	ery
£1,000 £500	Samuel de Ravenel (c1667-1731) and François Le Coq (d. 1719), French émigrés Sir William Gore (Irish magistrate, d. 1700) Gibbs, stone-cutter and 3 others
	Proctor, stationer and Skinner, hosier
1710 Lott	
£1,000	Thomas Barnaby, attorney
£500	the lord Harvey (former MP, later earl of Bristol, 1655-1751)
£400	Dunning, cheesemonger
1711 Lott	
£12,000	Joseph Hodges (d. 1722), son of a merchant and politician
1711 Clas	ses Lottery
£20,000	Thomas Weddell (d. 1747), merchant of York and London
£5,000	Samuel Strode (d. 1728), surgeon and Matthew Wymondesold (1677-1757), goldsmith
£5,000	John Hunt, gentleman of Northants.
	ses Lottery
£20,000	Margaret Williams, widow
£5,000	Theophilus Dillingham, woollen draper
£5,000	John Mendes de Costa, merchant
1713 Lott	
£10,000	Colonel Mathew
1714 Lott	
20,000	Rev. William Freind (c1669–1745)
10,000	Renerana, a French merchant in St Bartholomew Lane
	Tovey, a Norwich factor, and Wm Trumsher, a hosier's apprentice
5,000	attorney in Essex
	brewer in the Seven Dials
	Susanna Mountfort, actress (1690-1720)
4,000	Mitford Crowe (former governor of the Barbados, 1669-1719)
3,000	butler of the dean of Salisbury
	— Bridges, Esq Thomas Caverley, dancing-master (d. 1745)
2.000	mercer of Colchester
1,000	orange-merchant near Billingsgate
1,000	Madam Mead's coachman
	Rev. Gibbs. of Bristol



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-Who invested in the lotteries?

Winners

# Winners (1719)

719 Lot	tery
0,000	Moses Hart (1675–1756) and Isaac Franks (d. 1736)
	Mr Cox, a merchant in Berry-St
0,000	a poor clothier in Newberry with ten children
	John Rudge (1669-1740), merchant, MP, director of the Bank
5,000	Mr Warren in Theobald's Row, by Red-Lion Square
	Mr Owen, a clerk in the East India House
	John Lloyd (d. 1737), Blackwell-Hall factor (cloth merchant)
	Mr Narsh
	George Wanley (d. 1729), goldsmith
	Job Matthews, apothecary
	a merchant in this city   a cow-keeper in Islington
	Revd Mr Morris, of Abergavenny in Monmouthshire
1,000	an in-keeper in St Martin in the Fields
	one of the Lord Mayor's officers
	[Thomas] Nash, upholsterer
	Robert Heysham (1663–1723), MP for London
	[Thomas] Snow (d. 1748), partner with [John] Warner (d. 1722), goldsmiths Arthur Cutting and Thomas Hyeth, cheesemongers
	[William] Jenkins, deputy [of Billingsgate ward]
	Jenkinson, cheesemonger in Thames Street
	[James] Colebrooke and Ruck [Rooke], bankers
	[Robert] Spark[e] (d. 1728), ironmonger (to HM), Catherine-St in the Strand
	Philip Gibbs (d. 1752), Backwell-Hall Factor (cloth merchant)
	Henry O'Brien, earl of Thomond (d. 1741)
	a gentlewoman unknown
500	the share of Mr Martin and Company, goldsmiths in Lombard St.
	George Wanley, goldsmith (d. 1729)
	Dr. John Freind, physician (1675-1728)
	a vintner at the Crown, by Guildhall
	Glisson Maydwell (d. 1748), glass-seller
	David Milne, a great insurer of ships
	Mr Jenkins, cheesemonger in Thames St and an orange-merchant's apprentice

-Who invested in the lotteries?

Winners

# Winners (1721-43)

1721 loti	tery	
10,000	John Bennet (1683-1739), master in chancery	
5,000	a French merchant in Mincing-Lane	
5,000	a mercer	
1722 Lot	ttery	
10,000	the countess of Darlington (1675-1725)	
5,000	Soulier, French merchant near the royal exchange	
5,000	the house-keeper, butler and footman of Mr Windham, a linen draper in Cornhill	
1723 Lot		
10,000	Mr. Bernard, a shopkeeper in Southampton	
5,000	Sir John Lambert (1666-1723), late director of the South Sea Co	
5,000		
1724 Lot	ttery	
10,000	Henry Pelham (1694-1754), gave it to Dr Bradshaw, a Sussex clergyman, his former tutor	
5,000	Major Mason, of Downing Street	
5,000		
1726 Lot	ttery	
20,000	John Goodwyn (1672-1763), surgeon, alderman of King's Lynn	
10,000	Anthony Duncombe (1695–1763), MP, nephew of Charles Duncombe, banker	
10,000	Thomas Brian $(+1749)$ , custom-house officer, son of the Harrow headmaster	
5,000	Mr Gladwin and Mr. Williams, brokers	
5,000		
1731 Lot	ttery	
10,000	Thomas Walker (c1664-1748), HM Commissioner of Customs	
10,000	John Bance (c1694-1755), merchant, director of East-India Co (later Bank director, MP)	
5,000	Mr Van Eck, Dutch merchant in Threadneedle St	
5,000	a goldsmith in Lombard St	
5,000	Mr Heathcote, nephew to Sir Gilbert Heathcote (1652–1733, the richest commoner in England)	
5,000	John Garway, hop-merchant in Worcester	
1743 Lot	ttery	
10,000	Eldridge, draughtsman in the shipyards at Deptford	
10,000	the master of a pub in Greenwich	
5,000	Mrs. [Mary] Shuckburgh, widow [of a stationer] in Stoke Newington	
5,000	John Julian (d. 1754), merchant [from Berne]	
5,000	a French clergyman in the City	((1))
5,000		S
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Lottery Loans in English and British public finance Who invested in the lotteries? Winners

#### Winners

- ► Thomas Weddell (1712): merchant from York, cousin of Ch. of the Exchequer John Aislabie, paymaster of the Navy, made a fortune in the South Sea and left £70,000
- Matthew Wymondesold (1712): Aislabie's broker
- Samuel Strode (1712): bought a manor, his son became MP
- ▶ John Hodges (1711): son of a director of the Bank of England and MP
- top prize in 1719: two German Jews (a merchant and a stockbroker); the former's daughter married the latter and brought 1/2 of the ticket as dowry; Franks also won a large prize in a Dutch lottery
- ▶ John Rudge (1719): director of the Bank of England
- John Wanley: goldsmith and banker, his daughter married a South Sea director and was worth £30,000

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 John Goodwyn (1726): later mayor of King's Lynn, had his portrait painted holding the ticket

### **Unlucky Winners**

- Susanna Mountfort (1714): daughter of actors and an actress, went made soon after
- ► top prize in 1714: Rev. William Freind, a clergyman who died 30 years later in debtor's prison
- John Garway (1731): prominent Worcester merchant, went bankrupt in 1749
- ▶ John Julian (1743): died in 1754, his son went bankrupt
- Sir Charles Armand Pawlett (1751): died the day his ticket was drawn!

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Winners

### Social Table of England and Wales, 1688

	Families		
	number	income (£)	
Temporal lords	200	6060	
Baronets	800	1500	
Spiritual lords	26	1300	
Knights	600	800	
Esquires	3,000	562.5	
Greater merchants	5,264	400	
Gentlemen	15,000	280	
Persons in offices, greater	5,000	240	
Lesser merchants, artisans and handicrafts	27,802	200	
Persons in the Law	8,062	154	
Persons in offices, lesser	5,000	120	
Freeholders, greater	27,568	91	
Naval officers	5,000	80	
Clergymen, greater	2,000	72	
Persons in sciences and liberal arts, military officers	16,898	60	
Freeholders, lesser	96,490	55	
Clergymen, lesser	10,000	50	
Shopkeepers and tradesmen	101,704	45	
Farmers	103,382	42.5	
Manufacturing trades	162,863	38	
Building trades	73,018	25	
Common seamen	50,000	20	
Laboring people and outservants, miners	299,237	15	
Common soldiers	35,000	14	
Cottagers and paupers	313,183	6.5	
vagrants	23,489	2	
All Families	1,390,586	39.1	

Who could and who did invest?

- ▶ median household income: £20 (1688) to £25 (1759)
- ▶ average household income: £39 (1688) to £45 (1759)
  - a £100 ticket was a substantial expenditure
- winners are overwhelmingly from the above-median categories
- many are tradesmen, merchants, bankers (presumably rational people...)

Lottery Loans in English and British public finance  ${\bigsqcup_{}}$  Markets

Markets

Lottery	Loans	in	English	and	British	public	finance
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- Markets

Information

Information

- published Acts of Parliament contained details of prizes
- newspapers reported every day on the current draw
- private services were available to provide up-to-date news

- Markets

Information

#### Information

At North's Coffee-house in King-fireet by Guild-hall.

All that are deficius to know what Tickets are drawn may know every Quarter of an Hour. Likewife may know from the Beginning, (I having a better **Opporunity** than any other:) If you pleafe to come you may be fatisfy'd. Where likewife you may have a Collection of all the Prizes drawn that Day by 4 of the Clock.

At the Queen's fireet Goffee-houle in Weftminfier, the Blanks and Prizes drawn in the Million and half Lottery may be feen every Hour as they are drawn.

All Perfors concern'd in the Publick Lottery may immediately be Ref Iv'd how many of their Tickets are drawn, and whether Prizes or Blanks, (always to the prefent Hour, by the molt corredt and certain Method, having all the Numbers from the first drawn duely examin'd and Pofied up, which near elfe pretends to j) and those who fend or leare their Numbers shall have Notice fent them either in Town or Country of their Prizes as foon as drawn, without further T ouble, and as Reafonably as can be defird; at the Grand Lottery. Office at the White-Lyon in King's fleter near Guild-Hall. By Nath. Symms.

A very fine new Chariot never wore, very finely Painted, &c. and a Blank left to put in a Coat of Arms, and lined with a fine Coffoy, with Iron Azletrees, &c. and a Pair of fine new. Rumper Town-Hamels, to be fold a Pennyworth, at a Coach-Maker's in Sun-yard in Bithopfgate. firete.

#### 1710 lottery

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- Markets

Information

#### Information

f the Accou	int of the	Lottery now
Number of	Number	Value of the
Tickets	of the	Benefits per
Drawn.	Benefits.	Annum.
18732	474	4735 1.
2381	73	570
2408	67	420
2430	67	1410
24/1	76	545
2481	61	715
2649	63	1170
	f the Accou II, to Satur Number of Tickets Drawn. 18732 2381 2408 2430 2411 2481	Drawn. Benefits. 18732 474 2381 73 2408 67 2430 67 2411 76 2481 61

·---------As 150000, the Number of the Tickets in the Lotrery, is to 3750, the Number of the Tickets mine Lot So is 33492, the Number of the Tickets drawn, to 837 : But the Number of the Benefits drawn being 817 : but the Number of the Benefits drawn, than 881, therefore there are 44 more Benefits drawn, than the exact Proportion of 30-Blanks to 1.Benefit. By the fame Rule it will be found, that about 2280 1. per Annum hath been drawn in Benefits, more than an

881

33492

Total 3d Week.

9565 1.

exact Proportion.

	Drawn.	Not Drawn.	Total,
Benefits of 1000 l. per Annu	m ı	0	<b>3</b> 1
500	1	2	3
400	3	I	4
300	. 3	2	4
200	I	3	4
109	4	16	20
50	5	27	32
29	28	72	100
10	135	466	601
5	701	1282	2983
	881	2871	3752*
* Includin	in th	ofe Numbe	rs, the

first and laft Drawn Tickets.

1710 lottery

- Markets

Information

#### Information

Advertisements.

WHereas Matthew Welt, at the Seven Stars in Clarefircet in Clare-market Goldfmith, did, in the two laft Lottevies, purchate above 200 Tickets, which he difpos'd of, by dividing each Ticket into 20 equal Shares, and thereby gave entire Satisfa-ction to the Perfons concern'd therein ; this is to give Notice. That he has purchas'd a confidevable Number of Tickets in her Maieity's enfuing I ottery for the Year 1713, that those who are willing, may become Joint Sha-



6d. will be entitled to one twentieth Part of a Ticket. for 11. 3s: to a tenth Part; for 21. 6s. a fifth Part. and for 2 1. 17 s. 6 d. will be entitled to one fourth Part of a Ticket. As for those who have a Mind to try their Chance in a greater Number of Tickets, they may for 11 /. 10s. have a twentieth Part of twenty feveral Tickets ; and for 57 /. 10 s. have the fame Share of 100 Tickets; which Money will buy but five whole Tickets. It is evident, that those who are not able to purchafe one whole Ticket in the Lottery, may, by this Method, for fo fmall a Charge as before express'd, purchafe an equal Chance according to the refpective Shares they are difpos'd to purchafe; and likewife those who put in a confiderable Sum, will be intitled to a greater Number of Chances, than by purchaling fuch a Number of Tickets as that Sum would amount to; and the Chance of each Adventurer is likewife fpread into a greater Latitude. The Lofs in the Blanks cannot be above 4 d. in each Share-Ticket, of what they are fold for on the Exchange ; but if a Prize, the Gain by one Share-Ticket may be from 20 to 40, 50, 100, 200, 300, 400 Pounds, or more. And within two Months after the Lottery is drawn, the Tickets shall be fold, whether Blanks or Prizes, at the beft Market-Price on the Exchange; of which, Notice fhall be given in the News-Papers, that any of the Sharers may be prefent at the Sale; and within one Month after the Sale, each Perfon may receive their refpective Shares at the faid Matthere Weff's Houfe, deducting 51. per Cent. for Charge and Trouble. Receipts or Share-Tickets are to be had of Mr. Curll, Bookfeller, at the Dial and Bible againft St. Dunftan's Church, Fleet-ffreet ; Mr. Jones at North's Coffee-houfe in King-fireer, by Guild-Hall ; Mr. Edling the Corner of Sr. Mary Ax in Leadenhall-litreet; Mr. Jones, at the Wooll-pack in Foster-lane; Mr.Ellis, Goldfmith, at the feven Stars in Fleet-freet ; and of the aforefaid Matthew Welt, the faid Royal Lottery Tickets being now in his Hands; who also buys and fells whole Tickets.

Matthew West's advertisements

- Markets

Information

#### Information

Matthew Well gives Notice, that now the Holland Lottery is all drawn, come over, and compleated, those Perfons that have Prizes in the Shares with him, may exchange them for Shares of Tickets in the prefent Lottery, for he continues to cut out Shares of undrawn Tickets all the drawing of the Lottery, or have Money for the fame, at his Houfe in Clare-street, Clare-market, or at North's Coffee-house in King-fbreet, near Guild-hall, where the faid Mart. Welt keeps exact Numerical-Books, by which any Perfon may know whether their Numbers are drawn Blank or Prize, either in the Dutch or English Lotreries; and likewife have their Tickets Register'd at 6d. per Ticket, and an immediate Account fent them to the Place of their Abode, when their Numbers arife. whether Blank or Prize, or enter their Numbers gratif, paying only 2 s. 6 d. for each Prize. 20- The faid Matthew Welt buys Prizes of whole Tickets in the Dutch, and Blanks and Prizes in the English Lottery now drawing.

Jan 1715

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- Markets

Intermediation

Intermediation

- ▶ 1711: Smyth and Collier offer  $\frac{1}{20}$  tickets at 5.25% premium to buy a pool of 2,000 tickets
- Matthew West (goldsmith) offered schemes repeatedly through the 1710s
- riding a horse:
  - "the term Horse is technical for the chance of a number for a certain time, upon condition (if it draws a prize) or replacing it to the vendor with an undrawn ticket" (1726)

made illegal in 1737

- Markets

Intermediation

#### Intermediation

Ickets in the prefent Lottery for 5000001. cut out at the Blue Leg in Bow-Lane. A Perfon by paying only 4s, may be entituled to the 20th part of a Ticket, and gain thereby from 105 to 10001. The higheft Prize is 200001 and but 5 Blanks to one Prize; the Fickets will fpeed by advance in Value: Therefore thofe Perfons who defign to take any Shares, are defired to be fpeedy. A Perfon for paying 205, will be entitled to a 20th part of the Prizes in 10 Tickets; and for 41 to a 20th part of the Prizes in 20 feveral Tickets; and foi in proportion to any Sum and Number of Tickets.

1719 lottery (£3 tickets)

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- Markets

Intermediation

#### Intermediation

\* At Bucks Wharfe in the Bridge-Yard in Southwark, good Devonflire Cyder to be bold by Henry. Collier; note, he is the Maker, and can render it Cheaper than any Retailer.

\* \* Matthew West, Goldsmith, at the Seven Stars, in Clare Street, Clare Market, gives Notice, that notwithfinnding the Royal Tickets in the English Lottery of 500,001. are not yet delivered out, he Dispoles of Receipts for Shares in the faid Lottery, a eight part, a quarter part of a Ticker, for which be gives a Printed Receipt, which faid Receipt muft be brought to his Houle to have the Number of the Koyal licket inferred, when the Original Tickets are selivered out at his Heuje aferefaid, and at Norro's Cotfee-Houle in Kings Street near Guild-ball at the following Prices, wiz. for 91. you may have a eighth part of a Ticket, and for 18 s. . quarter part, and fo on for as may as you pleafe; you may gain for 9 s. 100, 300, 500, 1000 or 2000 l. or upwards, befides many other valuab e Pril s, as may be feen in the Scheme at large. Note, for 91. any Perion may have 20 Jeveral Tickets, and for 22 1. 10 s. will have a eighth purs of 50 Tickets, and jor 451. may have a eighth part of a 100 feveral Ticsets, which faid Mony will not purchase above 13 whole Tickets, fo shat the Purchajors thereof spreads themfelves into a greater Latitude. N. B. Likewife Dilpofes of Shares and whole Tickets in the Dutch and Utrecht Lateries, which will begin Drawing the next Month.

More perfect, fpeedy, cheap, and private Cure tor all Degrees of the Store Difest, than ever was made known heire to Mankind. This Account is an Internal Balfam of Life, and frems to be a Gitt fem trom Gud, to relieve the Diffrest do both Sexes. It is to great a Treafure in Medicine, as exceeds all Effimation, for it paffett thro' the whole Body like Fire, and continues all Symptoms of the French Diffest, as from bury and on of a the Sum drys up Water ex whom all Malignity, and noxioustlumours out of the

1719 lottery

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- Markets

Intermediation

#### Intermediation

At the Lottery-Office, in a Cabinet-Shop, within 3 Doors of the Rainbow Coffee-Houfe on Ludgate Hill.

T ICKETS and Shares of Tickets in the prefent Holland and Utrecht Lotterys are Sold at Reafonable Rates, where are kept Correct Numerical Books for the Royal English, and all Forreign Lotterys, by the Perfon that Poffed all the Lottery Books at the Crown Coffee Houfe behind the Royal Exchange, and invented the method of directing to the Lift, Page and Column in which each Number is to be found (to the general fatisfattion of all Perfons concern'd) who will continue the fame Method for all Foreign Lotterys, and Is preparing Books for Poffing the Royal English Lottervs, in fuch a Method as to tell at fight, in what Month, day of the Month, and hour of the Day each Number is drawn, which will be very convenient for all Perfons that Buy or Sell undrawn Tickets during the Time the Lotterys are drawing. He will also fell Tickets and Shares of Tickets in the faid Lotterys, fo foon as the tame are deliver'd out. At the faid Office are likewife prepar'd Register Books for fuch Perfons as are inclin'd to Enter their Numbers in either or all the faid Lotterys, who will have an immediate Account fent them of their Success, eithe in Town or any other part of Great Britain. At o d. per Ticket, and if in Shares at 3 d. per Share.

Ruptures cured by William Collier at the Sign of the Bell and Rated Boy in St. John's-lane, alias St. Jones's-lane, near

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- Markets

Rental market

### Henry Fielding's "The Lottery"

Coachman. Oh Sir! your worship has let me a very lucky horse: it is come up twenty pound already. So if your worship would let me have the money— Stocks. Let me see, tickets are this day nineteen pound; and your prize is worth eighteen pound eighteen shillings; so if you give me two shillings, which are the difference, we shall be quit.

Coachman. How, Sir! how!

Stocks. Upon my word, friend, I state the account right.

Coachman. Oh,—the devil! and have I given three pound for the chance of losing two shillings more?

Stocks. Alas, Sir! I cannot help ill fortune.—You have had ill luck; it might have come up a hundred, or a thousand, or ten thousand.

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- Markets

Rental market

"horses"

The Ticket N° 68221, which was laft Monday drawn a Frize of 10001. at Guildhall, was what the merry Gentlemen of Exchange Alley call a Horfe, which was let to a Perfon for a few Shillings by Mr. Dove in Exchange Alley. The lucky Adventurer the next Day fold the Frize, and receiv'd the Money for it; and in Confideration of his good Fortune, entertain'd most of his Friends very handfomely that Evening. We are inform'd that fuch a prodigious Number of Prizes in this Lottery have fell to the Share of fuch Adventurers, that Multitudes of People daily bire thefe Hurfes, and chufe rather to lay out their Money this Way than in buying Tickets.

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- Markets

Rental market

"horses"

Laft Friday, 2 Prizes of 10001. each, came up in the State Lattery, one whereof was fold by the Son of Mr. Shaneke, who keeps Nando's Coffice-Houfe by Temple-Bar, and ler out to 3 tricklayers, who club? Ten Groats each to make Ten Shillings among them. The faid Horfe was fold for 9401 ready Money.



- Markets

Rental market

"horses"

Yefterday a Prize of one Hundred Pounds came up, and fell to a Jew who hired that Ticket for that Day for half a Crown. Yefterday were recalled as the Day Official



### John Law's insurance (Holland, 1713)

In a Dutch lottery, Law offered:

- insure 10 tickets against all coming out blank
- insure 100 tickets to return a minimum 25%, return in excess split with him

prob (%)	pay-off net o uninsured	f ticket price insured
0.4	6277	651
7.7	143	-108
91.8	-43	-3



Lottery Loans in English and British public finance

- Markets

Insurance

#### Lottery Insurance, 1719

Mercers Hall, Aug. 26, 1719. The Subscribers to the Fund of 120,000 l. liaving this Day compleated their Subscription for infuring the Proprietors of the Tickets in the Government Lotteries, from Part of the Lofs to which they are at prefent liable, will be ready to receive the faid Tiekers at their Office at Mercers Hall, on Thursday the 3d of September next; fo that any Perion or Perions who are politik of Tickets in either or both the faid Lotteries, may be 'infured by them on the following Terms, viz. For every 96 Tickets infured, the Proprietors agreeing to allow to the Company, after the faid Tickets fhall be drawn, 76 l. 16 s. which is only 16 s. per Ticket; and's per Cent. on the Prizes that fhall arile on the faid Tickets, the Company will make up the faid Tickets, whether they be Blauks, Prizes, or both. 288 1. being 3 h for cach Ticket, valuing the Prizes at Par. For every 48 Tickets, the Proprietors agreeing to allow 45 1. 12 s. which is 19 s. per Ticker, and s per Gent. on the Prizes as above, the Company will make up the faid Tickets 1441. For every 24 Tickets, the Proprietors agreeing to allow 26 1.8 s. being t 1. 2 s. per Ticket, and "per Cent. on the Prizes, as above, the Gompany will make up the laid Tickers. 72 L. And for every 13 Tickers. the Proprietors agreeing to allow 15 1. which is 1 1. 4 s. per Ticket, and 5 per Cent. on the Prizes, the Company will make up the faid Tickets 16 1. The Proprietors of the Tickets are to advance no Money for this Security, but when drawn to allow as above ; the Tickets are to be left in the Company's Hands till drawn, for which they will have Receipts, mentioning what Lottery they are in, the Number on each Ticket, and Conditions of the Affurance ; the Company being answerable to the Bearer of such Receipts for the faid Tickets, they will be in all Refpects as ufeful as if in their own Hands. N. B. The Tickets are to be fealed up by the Proprietors, with their Mames indorfed thereon, and fecured in the Bank of England. If the faid Tickets are not called for by the Proprietors within 90 Days after they shall be drawn', the Tickets' and Prizes to be the Company's. ・ 同 ト ・ ヨ ト ・ ヨ ト

### Lottery Insurance, 1719 (2)

The 1719 lottery was cheaper (£3) but the blanks (83.3%) paid nothing. Two insurance schemes proposed:

- insure 25–49 tickets for £1.25/ticket, > 50 tickets for £1.125/ticket, and pay £3 per blank
- ▶ insure sets of n, 12, 24, 48, 96 at variable premium and pay the insured max{0, 3n v} where v is the value of the set; for a 5% share of v the premium can be lowered

size of set	96	48	24	12
premium (£/ticket)				
with 5%: <i>p</i> 1	0.8	0.95	1.1	1.25
without: p2	0.9	1.05	1.2	1.375
insurer's expected profit per ticket				
with 5%: $p_1 - E(\max\{0, 3n - v\}/n) + E(.05v v > 3n)/n$	0.60	0.40	0.31	0.30
without: $p_2 - E(\max\{0, 3n - v\}/n)$	0.57	0.34	0.16	0.10

Lottery	Loans in	n English	and	British	public	finance
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- Markets

- Options

### More derivatives

Lottery Million All or Any 31. 84. All or None 31. 01. Blank 71. 01. Put 21. 151. Refuße 31. 64.



Secondary markets

Yesterday South-Sea Stock & as 104 3 8ths, 104 1 half. South-Sea Annuity 100. India 147 1 4th. Bank 127 1 4th. African 10. York-Buildings 13, to 13 1 4th. Royal Assurance 80, 80 1 half. London Assurance 11 1 8th. South Sea Bonds 36 s. India Bonds 43 s. Tickets 91. 11 s. 6 d. Chances for this Day 3 s.



### Secondary markets (2)

- "The price of tickets in the wheel advance, and stock jobbers lay wagers that they will advance to £10 a piece before the drawing is finished" (Weekly Journal 10 Oct 1719, issue 46).
- "Our lottery tickets sold yesterday [Oct 30] at 41 above par and continue rising; 'tis occasion'd by the great numbers of blanks already drawn, more than in proportion to the prizes" (Weekly Packet, 31 Oct 1719, issue 382).
- "The highest prize in the wheel is £1000, which occasioned the fall of the tickets about 6s apiece, but they rise again now, being something above par" (Weekly Journal 28 Nov 1719, issue 52).
- "Our stock-jobbers have run up the prize of undrawn lottery tickets to a very great height, and they work them up 30 or 40s a piece per diem; they were yesterday at 8 guineas, and we hear some considerable wagers are laid, that they will be £50 a piece before the lottery is done drawing" (Weekly Journal 19 Dec 1719, issue 55).
- "On Tuesday last was drawn number 151,028 which came up £1000, which occasion'd a considerable fall of undrawn tickets" (Original Weekly Journal, 26 Dec 1719).
- "On Saturday the number 108,125 came up £1000, which was the last in the wheel; notwithstanding which the undrawn tickets continue to rise, and 'tis said that in the last hour of drawing they will be worth at least £50 a piece" (Daily Post, 29 Dec 1719, issue 75).
- "On Wednesday night undrawn lottery tickets were at £20 which was offer'd by a gentleman who wanted a hundred, but this morning they fell to £18" (Weekly Packet 2 Jan 1720, issue 391).

## The Data

- collection of 25 lotteries (1710–68)
- the draw of each lottery took 4–6 weeks
- during the draw, newspapers and other sources provide:
  - the prizes drawn to date
  - current market prices of undrawn tickets (and, after a few days, blanks)

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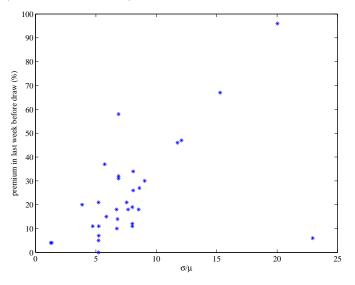
- prizes are really bonds, so I need its market value
  - blanks when they are available
  - the same or similar bond (easy after 1726)

### Financial characteristics of the loans

	ticket price	mean pay-off	lowest /mean	% blanks	std	$\sigma/\mu$	skew	1st 2 weeks		last week	
								mkt price	premium	mkt price	premiur
1694	10	13.75	0.73	0.98	63.0	4.58	86.0	10	0.12		
1710	10	9.00	0.78	0.98	47.0	5.22	114.7	1.10	0.22	1.09	0.21
1711	10	12.86	0.78	0.83	49.7	3.86	136.6	1.04	0.15	1.08	0.20
1711 (cl)	100	130.11	0.85	0.96	165.4	1.27	92.6	10.08	0.08	9.71	0.04
1712	10	13.01	0.77	0.83	61.7	4.74	141.5	1.08	0.16	1.04	0.11
1712 (cl)	100	130.10	0.81	0.90	175.0	1.35	86.8	10.37	0.11	9.71	0.04
1713	10	12.66	0.79	0.86	72.5	5.73	116.6	0.96	0.37	0.96	0.37
1714	10	13.40	0.75	0.83	78.5	5.86	160.2	0.94	0.13	0.96	0.15
1719	3	2.96	0.00	0.83	68.0	22.95	200.6	3.50	0.18	3.15	0.06
1721	10	10.50	0.76	0.90	54.8	5.22	117.0	10.82	0.03	10.49	0.00
1722	10	10.50	0.76	0.90	54.8	5.22	117.0	11.42	0.09	11.06	0.05
1723	10	10.18	0.74	0.90	53.4	5.24	118.2	10.68	0.05	10.91	0.07
1724	10	10.18	0.74	0.90	53.4	5.24	118.2	10.93	0.07	11.34	0.11
1726	10	10.00	0.75	0.92	86.0	8.60	163.0	13.90	0.39	12.68	0.27
1731	10	10.00	0.75	0.90	67.1	6.71	107.7	10.74	0.07	11.77	0.18
1743	10	10.00	0.70	0.88	67.4	6.74	106.4	11.13	0.11	11.02	0.10
1744	10	10.00	0.60	0.84	75.5	7.55	98.6	11.95	0.19	12.06	0.21
1745	10	10.00	0.60	0.86	80.1	8.01	94.5	12.57	0.26	11.93	0.19
1746	10	10.00	0.60	0.86	80.1	8.01	94.5	11.54	0.15	11.18	0.12
1747	10	10.00	0.60	0.86	80.1	8.01	94.5	10.93	0.09	11.11	0.11
1748	10	10.00	0.60	0.86	85.4	8.54	90.8	11.32	0.13	11.84	0.18
1751	10	10.00	0.60	0.86	76.6	7.66	86.3	11.51	0.15	11.76	0.18
1755	10	9.00	0.67	0.96	61.1	6.79	112.7	10.01	0.11	10.29	0.14
1756	10	10.00	0.60	0.87	80.8	8.08	92.4	13.14	0.31	13.45	0.34
1758	10	10.00	0.60	0.87	80.8	8.08	92.4	11.45	0.15	12.55	0.26
1759	10	10.00	0.60	0.86	117.5	11.75	152.3	13.51	0.35	14.65	0.46
1760	3	3.00	0.00	0.83	60.1	20.02	132.4	5.37	0.79	5.89	0.96
1761	10	10.00	0.60	0.80	68.8	6.88	117.0	14.85	0.48	15.77	0.58
1763	10	10.00	0.50	0.83	90.4	9.04	88.6	14.07	0.41	12.99	0.30
1765	10	10.00	0.60	0.80	68.8	6.88	117.0	13.85	0.38	13.18	0.32
1766	10	10.00	0.60	0.80	68.8	6.88	117.0	13.47	0.35	13.11	0.31
1767	10	10.00	0.00	0.64	120.8	12.08	109.5	14.31	0.43	14.70	0.47
1768	10	10.00	0.00	0.67	152.8	15.28	96.6	16.45	0.64	16.74	0.67

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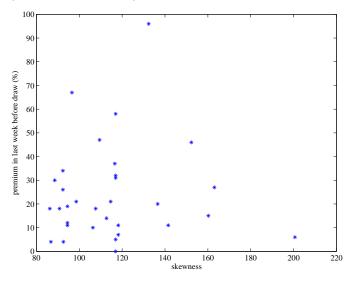
## Variance of prizes and market risk "premium"



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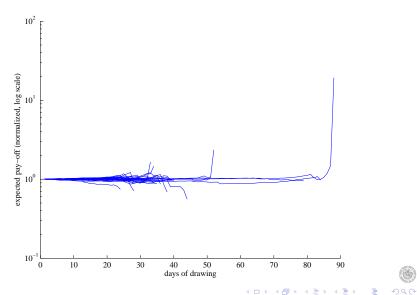
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### Skewness of prizes and market risk "premium"



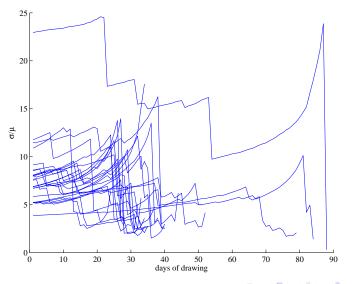
Characteristics of the distributions and prices

## The Draws



Characteristics of the distributions and prices

## The Draws

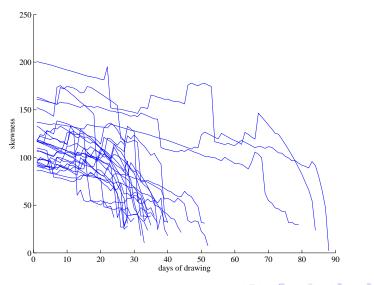


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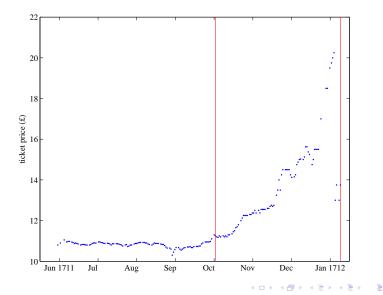
Characteristics of the distributions and prices

## The Draws



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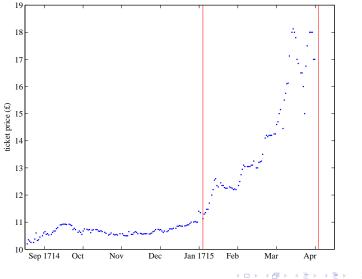
## **Ticket Prices**



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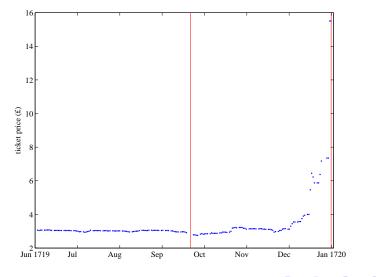
### **Ticket Prices**



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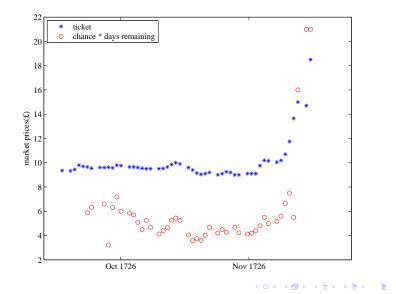
## **Ticket Prices**



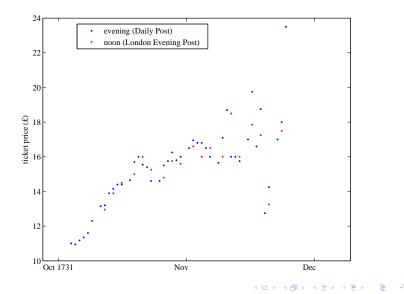
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### **Ticket Prices**

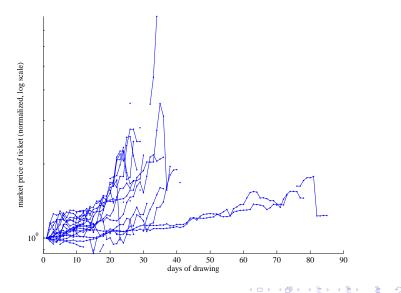


## **Ticket Prices**



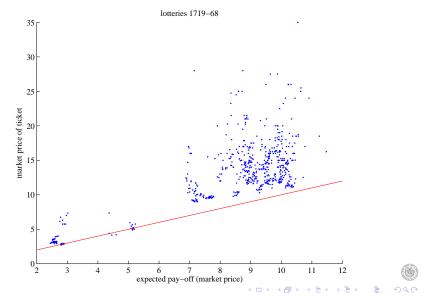
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## Pattern of prices during the draw



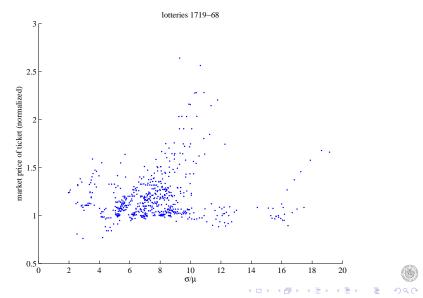
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### Prices and moments



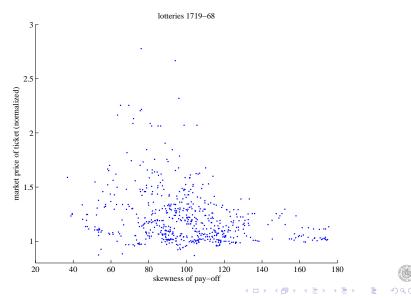
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### Prices and moments



Characteristics of the distributions and prices

### Prices and moments



Determining the "value" of each prize

let

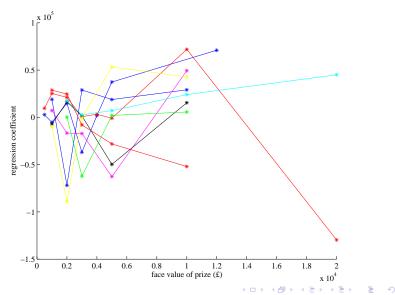
- ▶  $p_t$  the market price of a lottery ticket during the draw  $(1 \le t \le T)$
- $\pi_{it}$  the probability of earning prize *i* between *t* and *T*

Regress

$$p_t = \sum_{i=1}^{N-1} \pi_{it} V_i + \epsilon_t$$

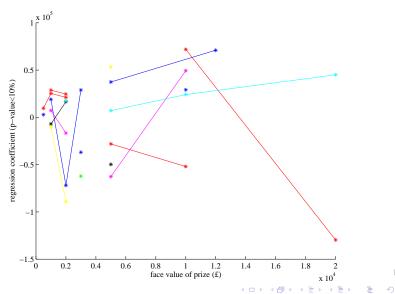
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## Regression results



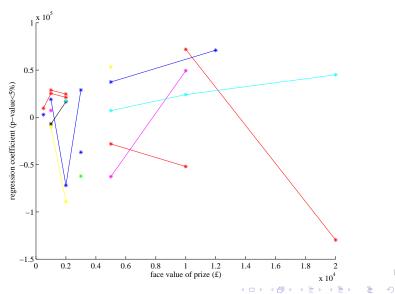
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## Regression results



Characteristics of the distributions and prices

## Regression results



### Prospect theory

valuation of a gamble  $\{(x_i, p_i)\}$  by investor with wealth W:

expected utility

$$\sum_{i} p_i u(W + x_i) \tag{1}$$

- concavity will be a problem!
- prospect theory (Kahneman and Tversky, 1979)

$$\sum \pi(p_i)v(x_i) \tag{2}$$

with

- v concave over gains, convex over losses, kinked at origin
- $\pi$  probability weighting function

Prospect Theory

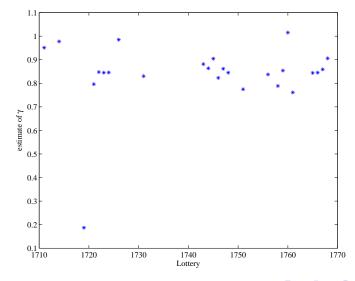
take price to equal valuation by PT investor

$$\pi(p) = \frac{p^{\gamma}}{(\sum p_i^{\gamma})^{1/\gamma}}$$
(3)



Characteristics of the distributions and prices

## Estimates of $\gamma$



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Cumulative Prospect theory

(Tversky and Kahneman, 1992)

$$\sum_{i=-m}^{n} \pi_i v(x_i) \tag{4}$$

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with

• ordered lottery 
$$(x_{-m}, p_{-m}; ...; x_{-1}, p_{-1}; x_0, p_0; x_1, p_1; ...; x_n, p_n)$$

$$\pi_{i} = \begin{cases} w^{+}(p_{i} + \ldots + p_{n}) - w^{+}(p_{i+1} + \ldots + p_{n}) & 0 \le i \le n \\ w^{-}(p_{-m} + \ldots + p_{i}) - w^{+}(p_{-m} + \ldots + p_{i-1}) & -m \le i \le 0 \end{cases}$$
(5)

Cumulative Prospect Theory

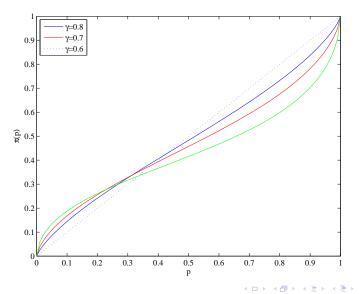
- take price to equal valuation by CPT investor
- use Tversky and Kahneman (1992)

$$\begin{cases} w^{+}(p) &= \frac{p^{\gamma}}{(p^{\gamma}+(1-p)^{\gamma})^{1/\gamma}} \\ w^{-}(p) &= \frac{p^{\delta}}{(p^{\delta}+(1-p)^{\delta})^{1/\delta}} \end{cases}$$
(6)

who estimate  $\gamma =$  0.61,  $\delta =$  0.69



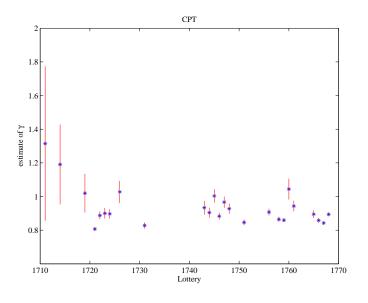
# Weighting function



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Characteristics of the distributions and prices



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Equilibrium with CPT investors

Barberis and Huang (2008)

- investors with CPT preferences
- safe asset, normally distributed asset, and independent skewed asset (lottery) in small supply

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there are equilibria with "overpriced" skewed asset

### Conclusion

- Lottery loans were frequently used to issue substantial sums
- They offered highly skewed returns, but did not add permanent risk to portfolios
- > The PDFs of the returns were well-known, uncorrelated with anything else
- Market prices display negative excess returns, increasing over the course of the draws

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- Investors were well-to-do and savvy Englishmen
- They cared about certain aspects of the prize distribution (insurance, experimentation by State)
- Much remains to do...

Analysis of the prices — Characteristics of the distributions and prices

Th-th-that's all folks!

