

**CWIC*stats*:**

**A collaborative model to address  
the research and data needs of local  
workforce development policymakers**

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Federal Reserve System Community Development Research Conference  
Resilience & Rebuilding for Low-Income Communities:  
Research to Inform Policy and Practice  
Washington, DC  
April 11, 2013

**ChapinHall** at the University of Chicago  
Policy research that benefits children, families, and their communities

# What is CWIC*stats*?

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CWIC*stats*:

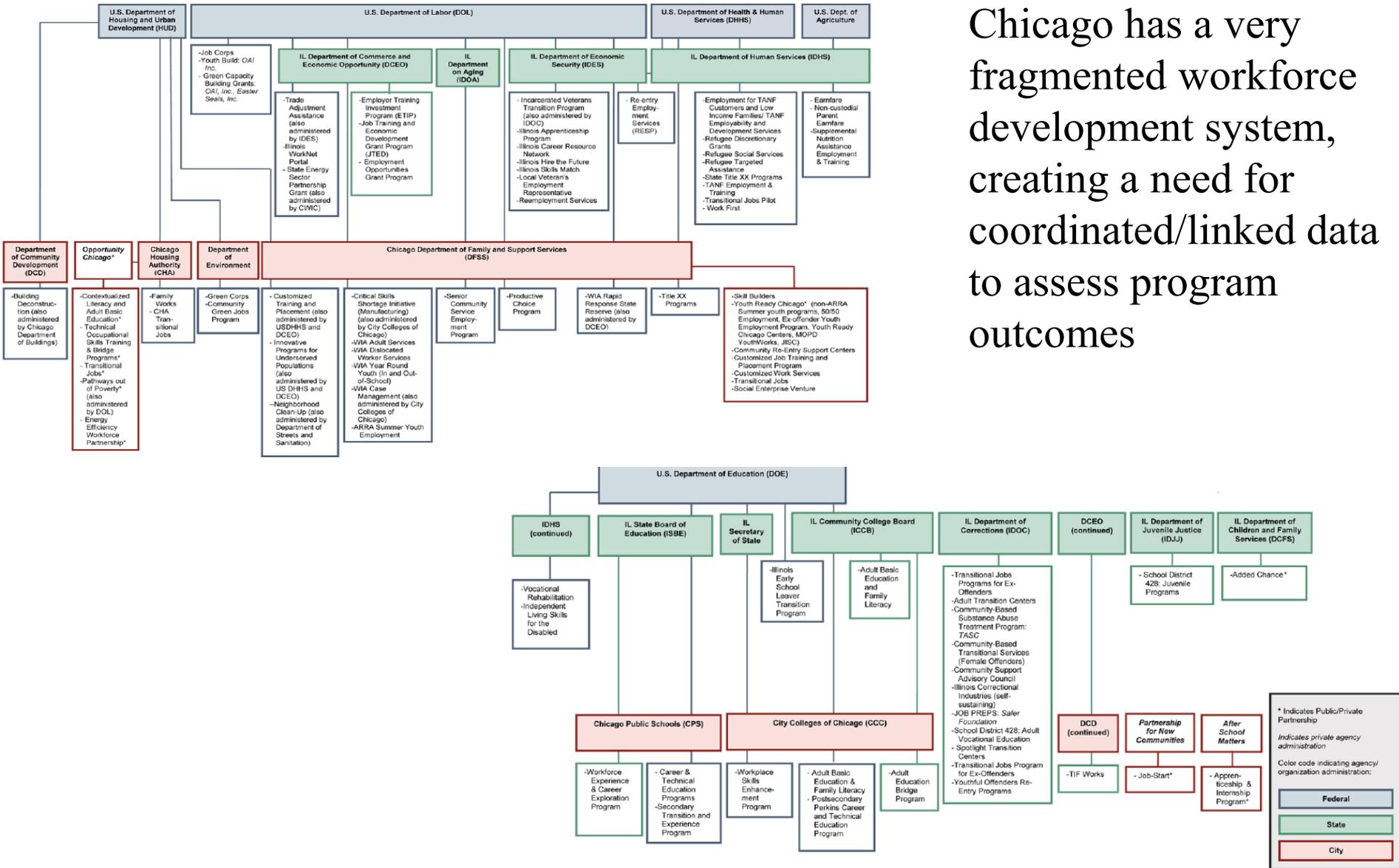
## Chicagoland Workforce Information Collaborative

- Workforce development research and data initiative at Chapin Hall at the University of Chicago, established in 2009
- Analyze data to assess Chicago's workforce development system
  - Specialize in analyzing & linking individual-level administrative data
  - Also use labor market data & conduct original data collection for both quantitative & qualitative research
- Conduct research to help answer workforce development policy questions
  - What is the workforce development system? How are these program performing? How can we better assess program performance?
  - Who are the participants in the workforce development system? What are their pathways through the system? What are their outcomes?
  - What are key factors of successful workforce programs?

**ChapinHall**

# Need for CWICstats

Chicago has a very fragmented workforce development system, creating a need for coordinated/linked data to assess program outcomes



\* Indicates Public/Private Partnership  
 Indicates private agency administration  
 Color code indicating agency/ organization administration:  
 Federal  
 State  
 City

# Audience for *CWICstats*

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- Users of *CWICstats* research include a variety of stakeholders with a need to make data-informed decisions:
  - Workforce Investment Boards: Chicago-Cook Workforce Partnership, former Chicago Workforce Investment Council
  - Workforce and economic development policymakers
  - State & local public agency administrators
  - Community-based workforce service providers
  - Foundations funding local workforce programs
  - Businesses working with workforce providers
  - Workforce program participants

# How does CWIC*stats* work?

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- Collaborate with partner agencies to:
  - Establish data sharing agreements to access individual-level administrative data on program participants
  - Link & analyze data to:
    - Asses program performance measures
    - Perform research on participants' program engagement, educational attainment, and employment outcomes over time and across programs
    - Conduct program evaluation
    - Provide transparency of program outcomes for consumers with a website of Workforce Investment Act (WIA) training program outcomes  
<http://www.chicagolandwiatraining.com>

# Agency Partners & Data

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- Chapin Hall partners with local/state public agencies to link individual-level administrative program data to employment wage data and across programs
  - Illinois Department of Employment Security
  - Illinois Department of Commerce & Economic Opportunity
  - Illinois Department of Human Services
  - Chicago Department of Family & Support Services
  - Chicago Public Schools
- Other data sources including
  - National Student Clearinghouse data
  - GED data
- Provides unique opportunity for research on individuals' employment and training experiences before, during, and after program involvement, assess program performance, and study factors related to achievement of positive outcomes

# Research example:

## Cohort analysis of Chicago Public School students

- Objective: Describe characteristics, pathways/experiences, and outcomes of youth in education and workforce development system
- Descriptive and longitudinal cohort analysis of first-time Chicago Public School (CPS) freshman (9<sup>th</sup> graders) in 2000-01 and 2001-02 (n=47,006)
- Follow youth through high school into workforce & post-secondary education
  - Education attainment: Career & Technical Education (CTE) completion, high school graduation, post-secondary enrollment, persistence
  - Employment outcomes: engagement in workforce development programs, employment, earnings
- Link individual-level administrative data across systems & over time
  - CPS student transcripts, dropout & graduation data
  - Workforce Investment Act (WIA) program data
  - National Student Clearinghouse post-secondary data through 2010
  - Unemployment Insurance quarterly earnings data in 2010

# Selected findings regarding post-secondary education & employment

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Post-secondary education outcomes among graduates:

- 70% of high school graduates enrolled in college
- 49% enrolled in the fall immediately after graduation, showing a third of graduates take non-traditional paths to college
- Students who were CTE completers enrolled in post-secondary education at similar percentage to non-CTE students, with 72% ever enrolling in college

Employment & earnings among all students in sample:

- 61% had earnings during 2010
- Higher employment and average earnings among high school graduates (59%, \$5775) compared to dropouts (36%, \$4790), however employment & earnings were much lower among black students regardless of high school completion

# Research example: *Inside the black box:* *What makes workforce programs successful?*

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- Objectives: (1) understand the factors that may explain *why* workforce programs achieve success, (2) *how* these factors may be quantified or measured to help improve the system
- Qualitative research with 6 community-based workforce development programs in Chicago
- Develop better understanding of program processes & contextual influences on outcomes
- Determine what measures & data are needed

*Study was funded with support by from the Ford Foundation*



# Conceptual model:

## Factors related to successful workforce outcomes

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### External factors

- Community context
- Employer engagement
- Partnerships

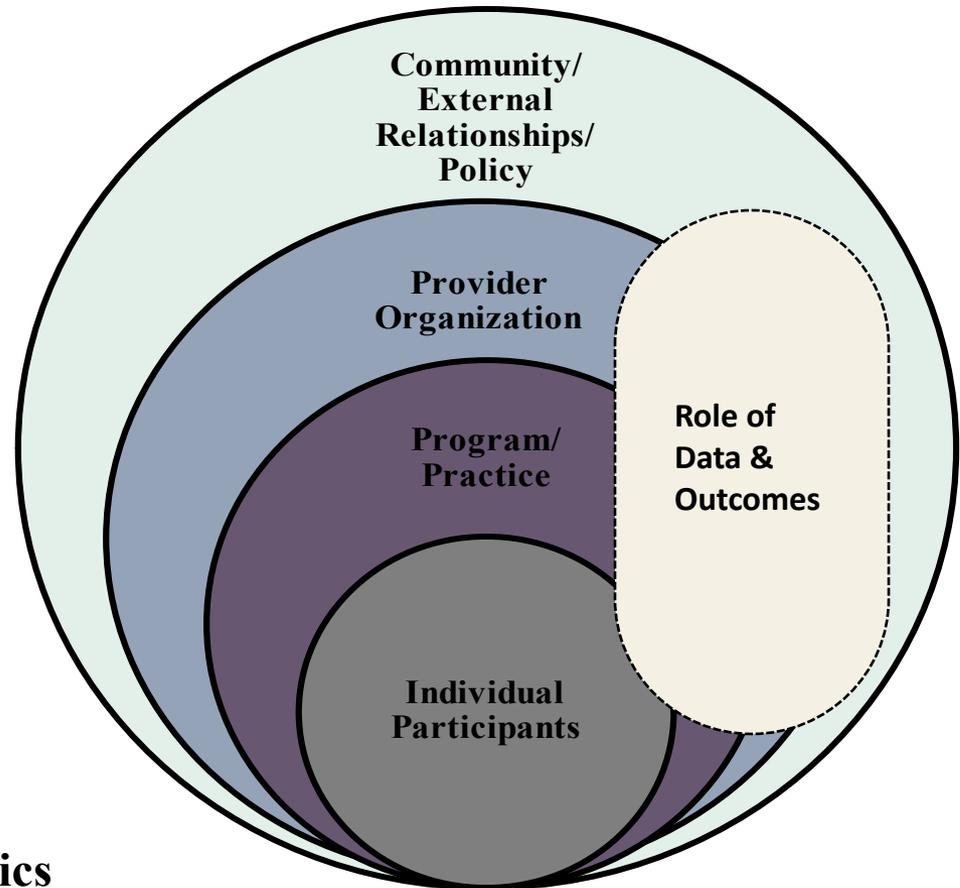
### Organizational factors

- Diverse funding sources
- Staff, leadership, size

### Program/practice factors

- Support services
- Program flexibility
- Family involvement
- Focus on quality of job placement

### Individual participant characteristics



# Recommendations for workforce development program data & outcomes

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## **Improve measures for workforce development, by...**

- establishing some common measures, but allow for flexibility
- using longitudinal measures to assess outcomes over time
- analyzing outcomes by subpopulations, barriers to employment

## **Expand what is measured to include...**

- assessment data, continual development of skills, intermediate participant achievements
- use of support services, achievement of economic self-sufficiency
- achievement of industry credentials
- employer and community engagement/outcomes

## **Establish integrated data systems that...**

- minimize repetitive, redundant data entry in multiple systems
- collect information on all program participants
- provide programs with useful measures for self assessment & facilitate reporting
- is flexible to meet the diverse & changing needs of programs

# Implications

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- Model for building agency partnerships to share, link & analyze data to assess the performance of the workforce development system and promote improved participant and program outcomes
- Provides policymakers and program administrators with unique and valuable look at education and employment outcomes using cross-system and longitudinal perspective
- Developing a better understanding of contextual factors that influence workforce program outcomes
- Promoting improved data systems and better use of data
- Promoting culture of data-informed decision-making among policymakers, administrators, and participants

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# Thank you!

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