

# Quantitative and Qualitative Monetary Easing with Yield Curve Control

Day Ahead Meeting
Joint Central Banker's Conference
November 14, 2016

Institute for Monetary and Economic Studies
Bank of Japan
Shigenori SHIRATSUKA

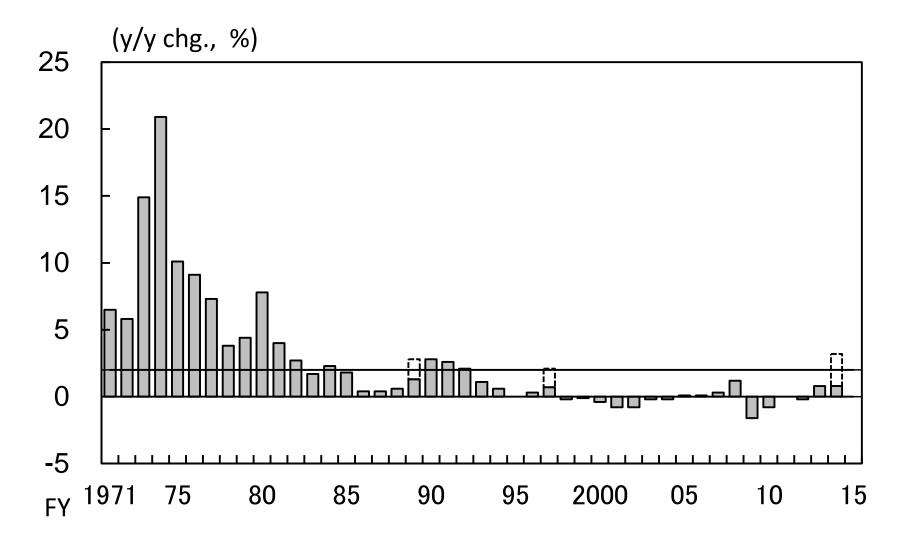


# Plan of Today's Talk

- Japan's Prolonged Deflation
- Quantitative and Qualitative Monetary Easing (QQE)
  - Its developments and achievements
  - New elements in QQE
    - Negative interest rates
    - Yield curve control
- CB Balance Sheet Policy

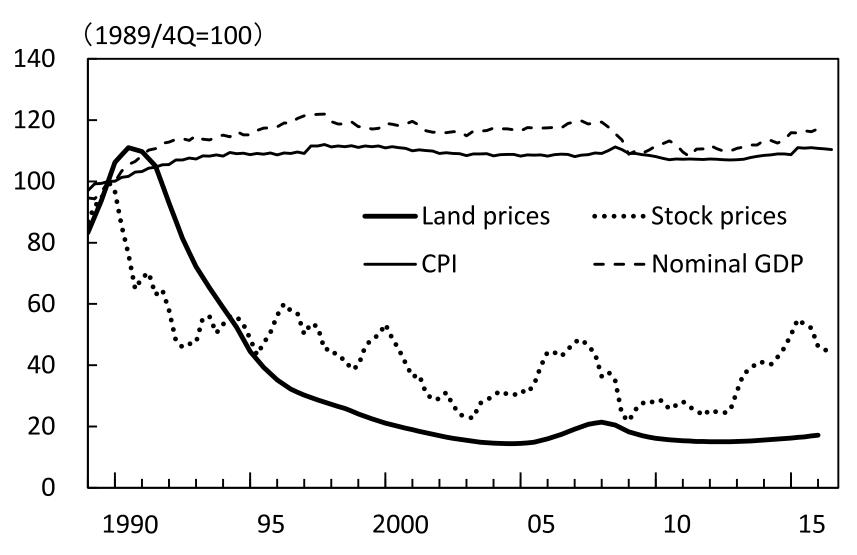


#### Core CPI





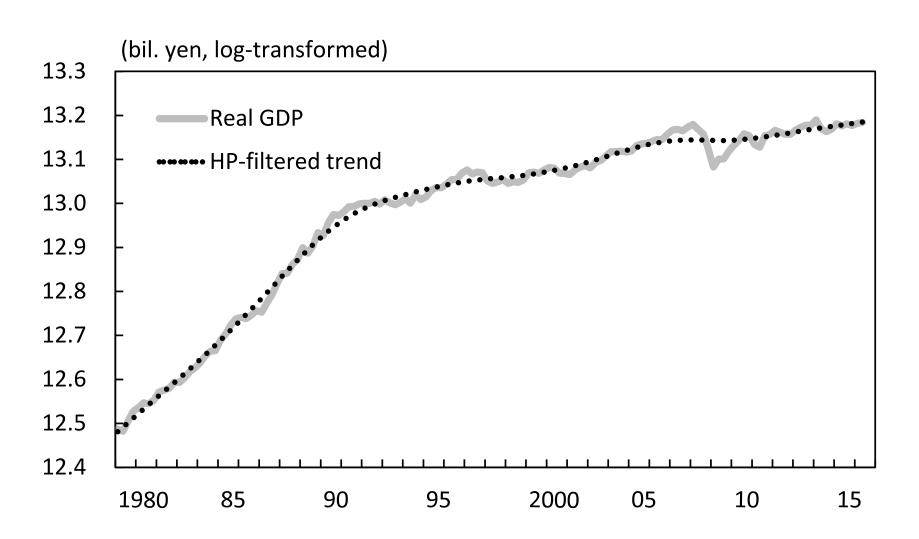
#### **General Prices & Asset Prices**



Sources: Cabinet Office, *National Accounts*; Ministry of Internal Affairs and Communications, *Consumer Price Index*; Japan Real Estate Institute, *Urban Land Price Index*; The Nihon Keizai Shimbun, *Nikkei 225 Stock Average*.

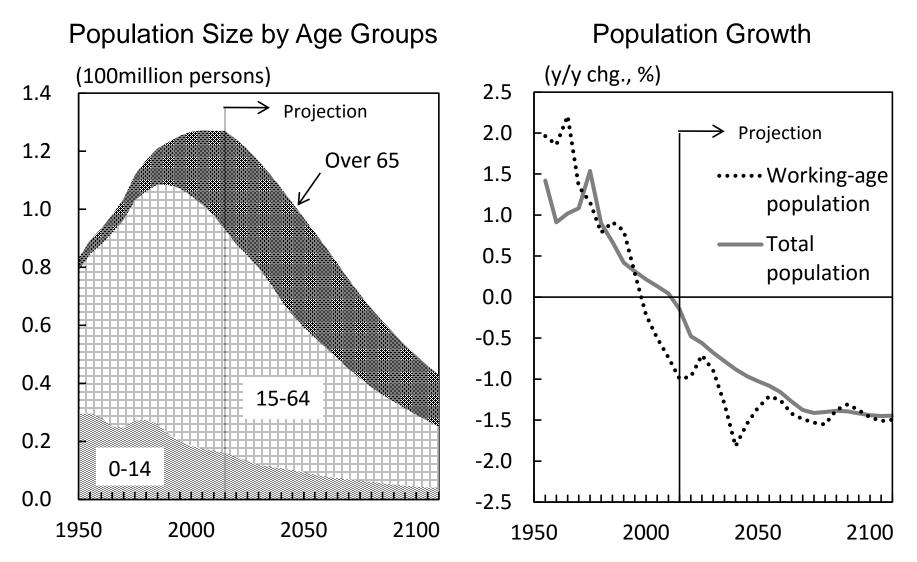


#### Downward Shift in Growth Trend





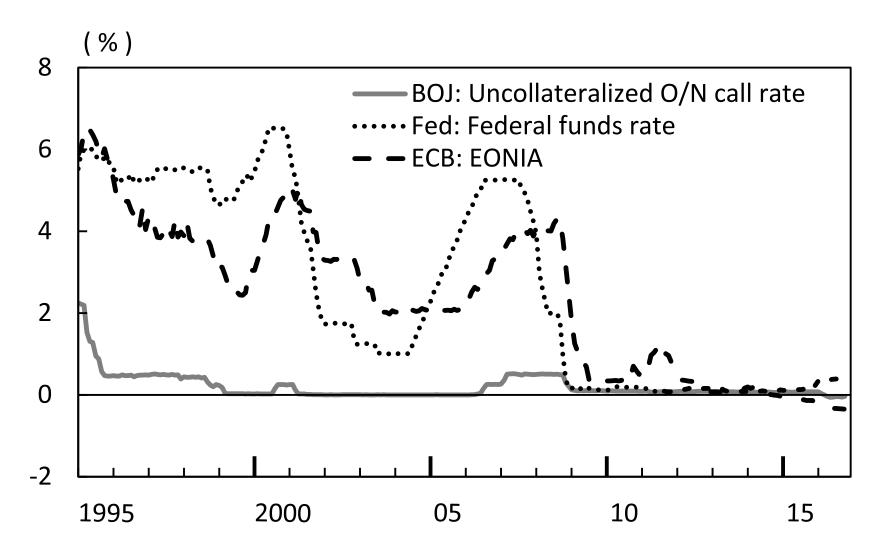
# Demographic Changes



Sources: Ministry of Internal Affairs and Communications, *Population Estimates*; National Institute of Population and Social Security Research, *Population Projections for Japan*.



# Policy Interest Rates





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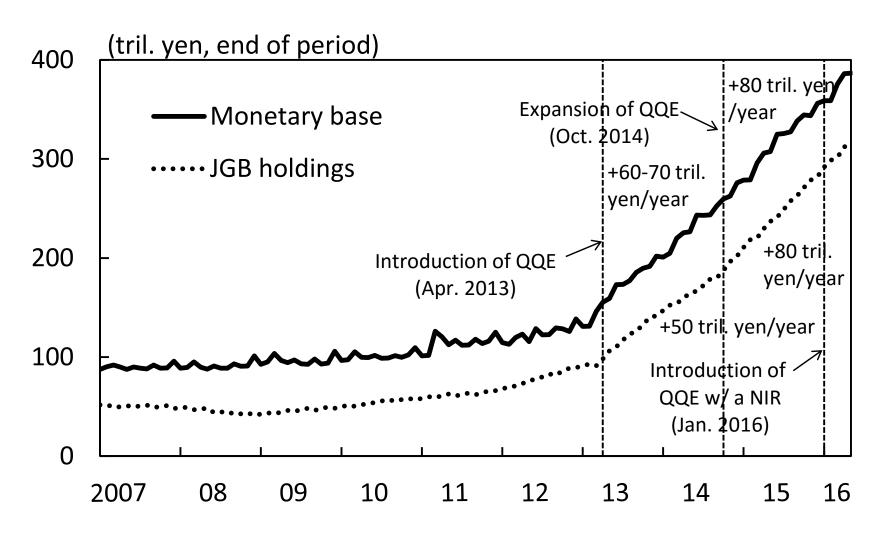


# Developments in QQE

- Introduction of QQE (Apr 2013)
- Expansion of QQE (Oct 2014)
- Introduction of QQE w/ a Negative Interest Rate (Jan 2016)
- Introduction of QQE w/ Yield Curve Control (Sep 2016)



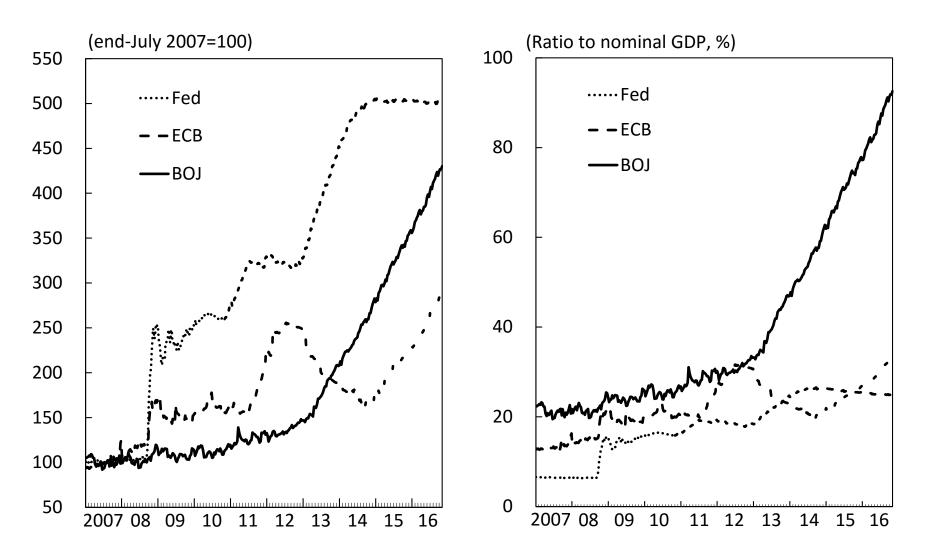
# Monetary Base and JGB Holdings



Source: Bank of Japan

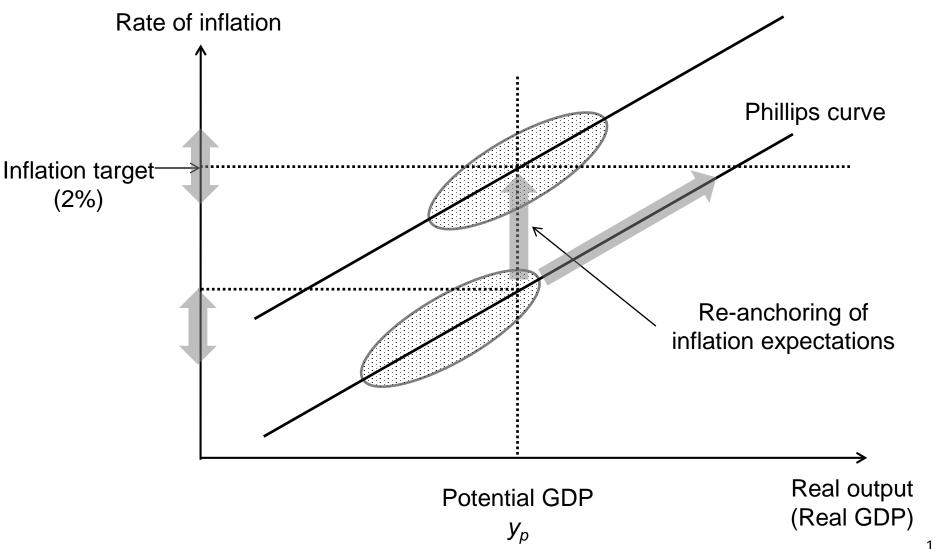


# CB B/S Size



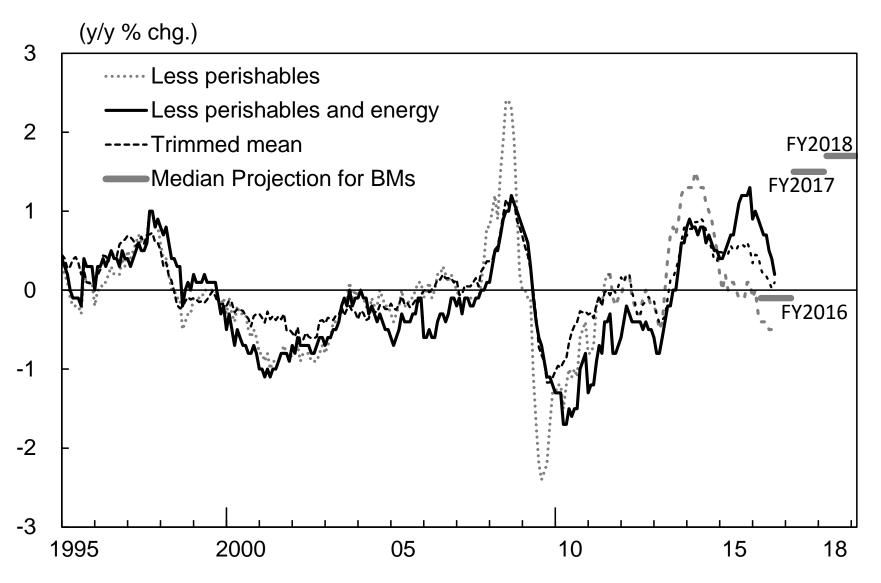


# **Escaping from Deflation**





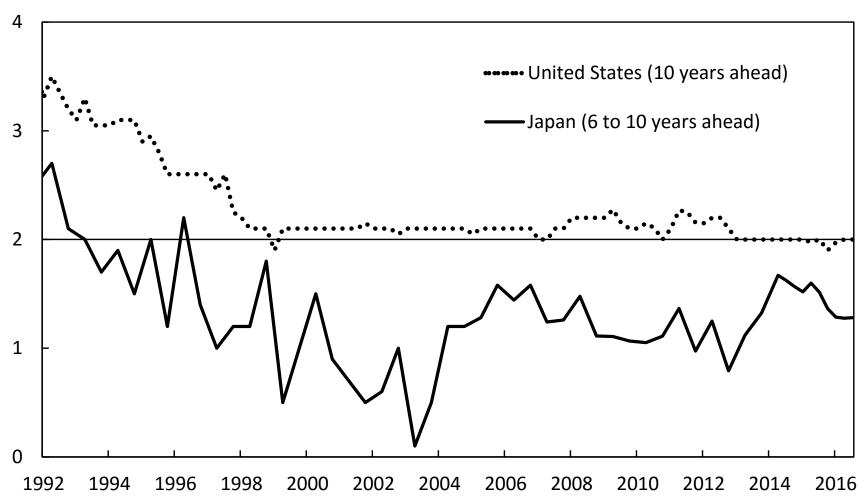
#### Core CPI





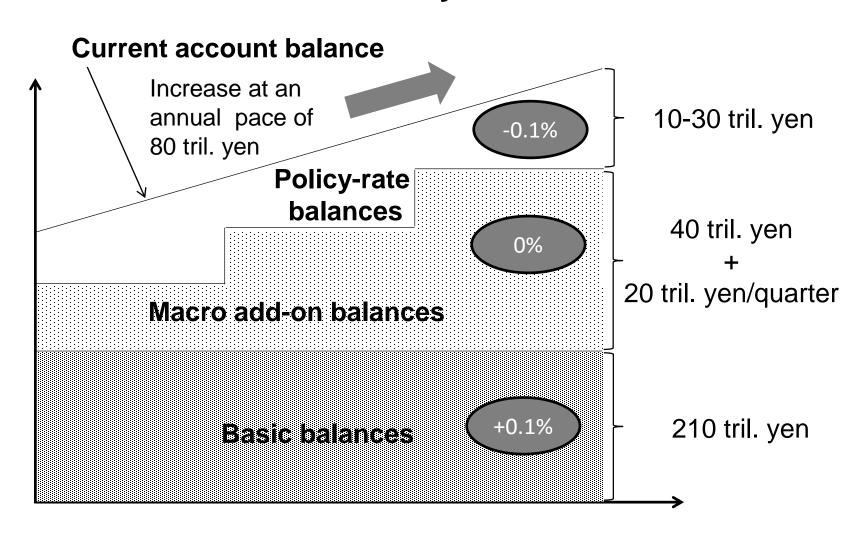
# Long-term Inflation Expectations

(annual average, percent)



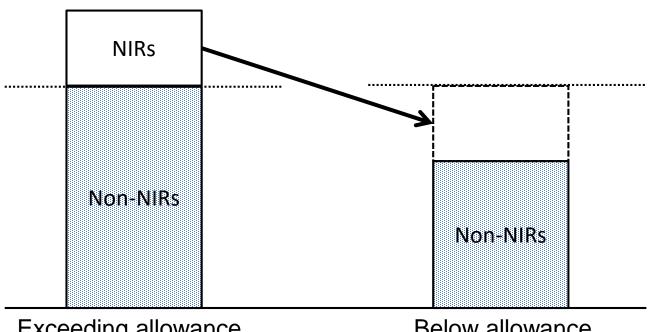


# Negative Interest Rates Three-tier System





#### Interbank Transaction under NIRs



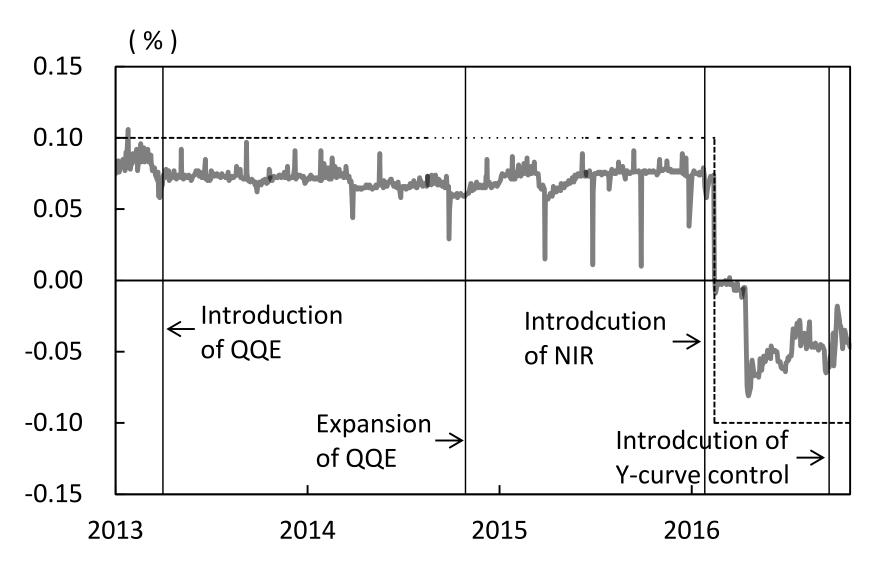
Exceeding allowance

Incentive for avoiding an application of negative interest rates Below allowance

Incentive for making use of unused allowances



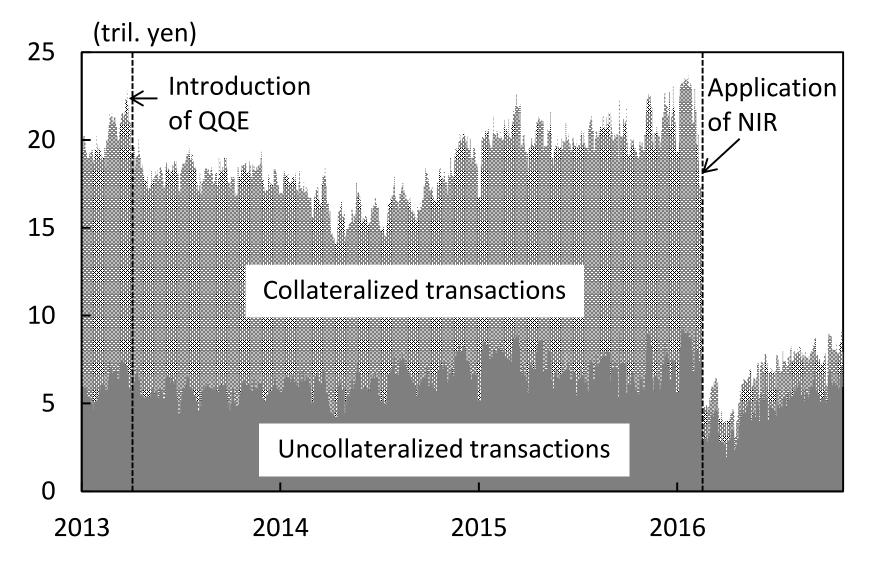
# O/N Uncollateralized Call Rate



Source: Bank of Japan 16



### Amounts Outstanding in Call Market



Source: Bank of Japan 17



#### Nominal vs. Real

Real Rate = Nominal Rate - Inf. Exp.

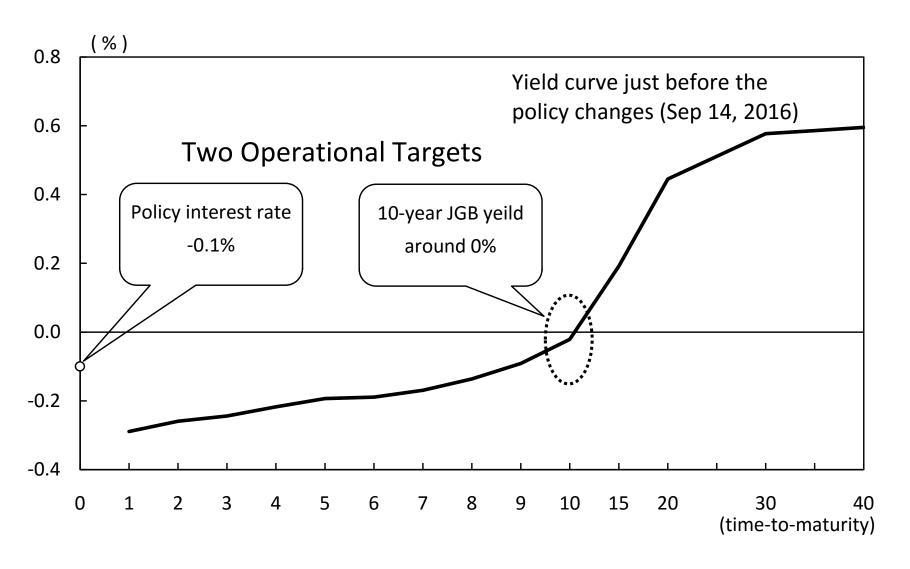
- Introduction of Negative Rates, but
  - Cash with zero interest rates
  - Retail deposits with virtually zero interest rates

$$R^{Lend} > R^{M-Mkt} > R^{Dep} > 0$$

$$R^{Lend} > R^{Dep} > 0 > R^{M-Mkt}$$

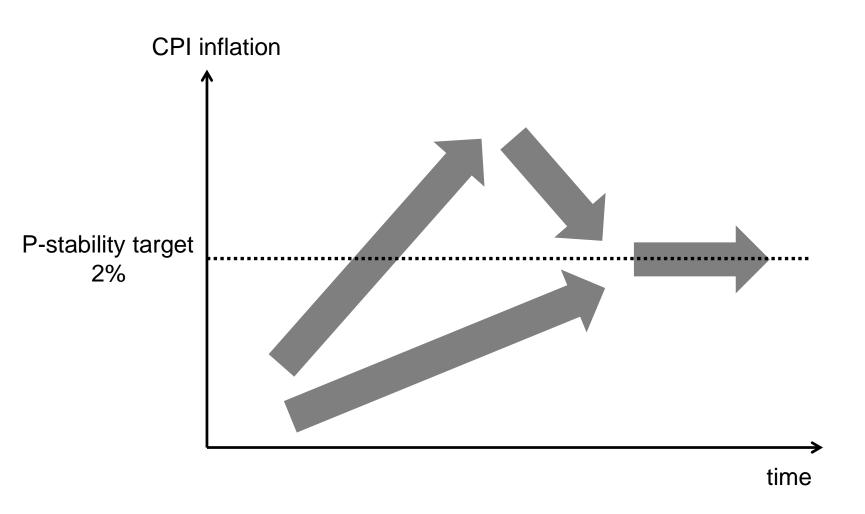


#### **Yield Curve Control**





# Inflation-Overshooting Commitment





# Some Policy Questions

- Quantity vs. Interest Rates:
  - Target for M-mkt Operation: monetary base →
     (long & short-term) interest rates
  - Amount of JGB purchase: no policy implication
  - Overshooting commitment: continue to expand MB
- Time Frame:
  - Latest projection: Around 2% core CPI inf. in FY2018
    - → Still bullish, compared w/ market projections
  - Policy tools: effective enough



# Plan of Today's Talk

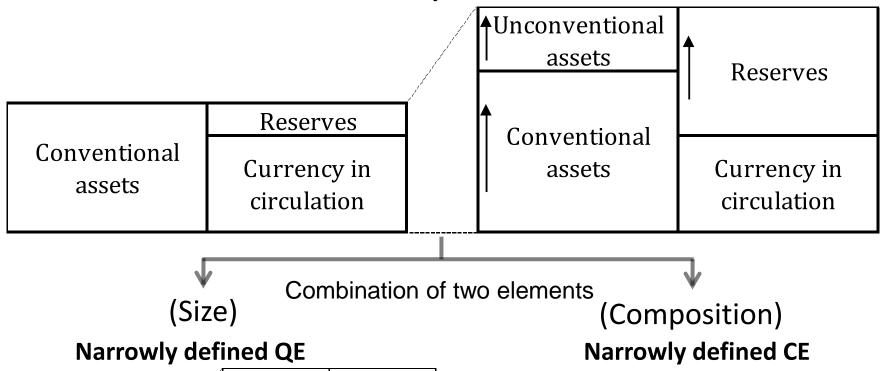
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# CB B/S Policy: Illustration

(Observed unconventional monetary policy)

#### **Broadly defined QE**

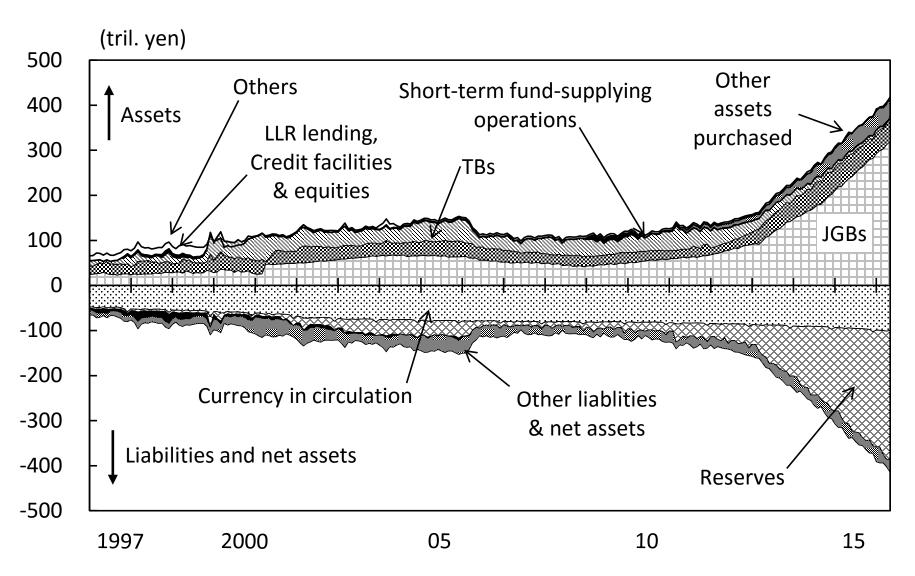


		↑ Conventional	Reserves
	Reserves		'
Conventional assets	Currency in circulation	assets	Currency in circulation

	Reserves	***************************************	Unconventional	Reserves
Conventional assets	Currency in circulation		assets Conventional assets	Currency in circulation

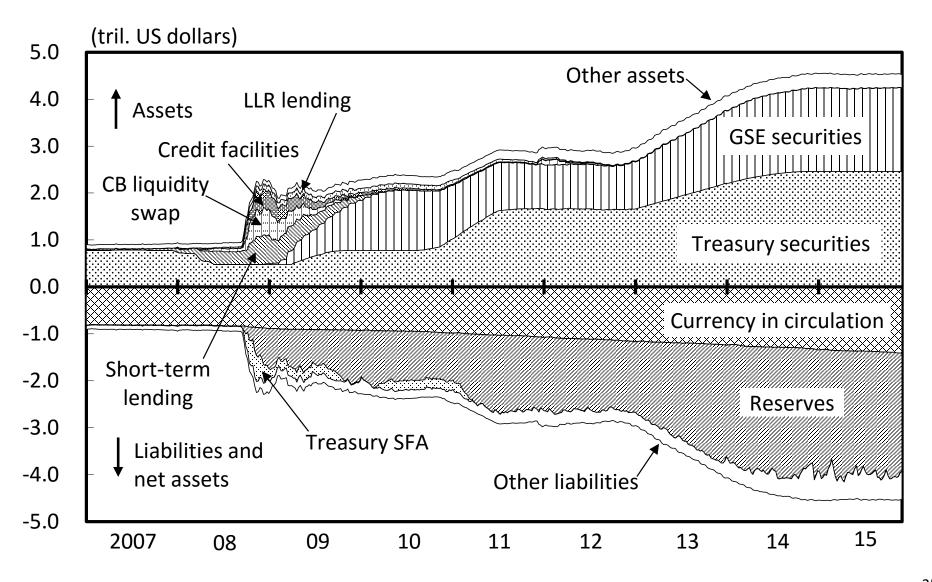


#### **BOJ's Balance Sheet**





#### Fed's Balance Sheet





#### Some Additional Issues

- Package of Unconventional Tools:
  - CB's environments and restrictions
  - Evolving nature w/ reorganizing policy targets
- Border w/ Fiscal Policy:
  - Not pure liquidity provisions
  - Intervention of private-sector resource allocation
- Policy Rule?:
  - Predictability or surprise
- Normalization?:
  - Adjustment in policy interest rates and B/S size