





Navigating Uncertainty and Growing Jobs: Considering Small Employer Firm Resilience During Challenging Economic Times Jean Horstman, Interise

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Interise

**Small Businesses & the Recession** 

Why Did Some Small Businesses Fare Better Than Others?

Methodology

**Key Findings** 

**Additional Insights** 

What's Next?



### Interise

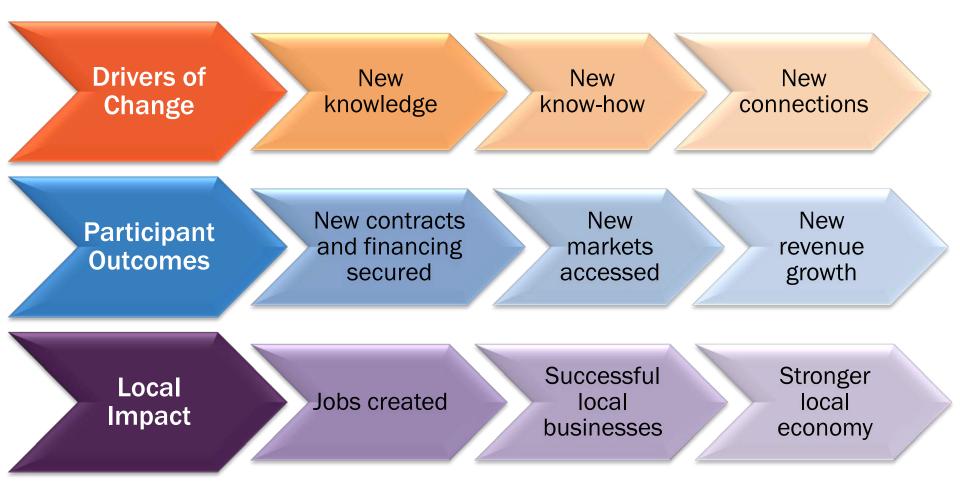


Interise stimulates economic revitalization in lower income communities.

We provide a diverse group of small business owners with entrepreneurial education, new networks, and access to markets. Our community creates jobs, grows businesses, and develops community leaders.

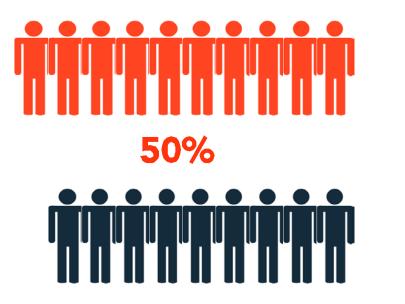


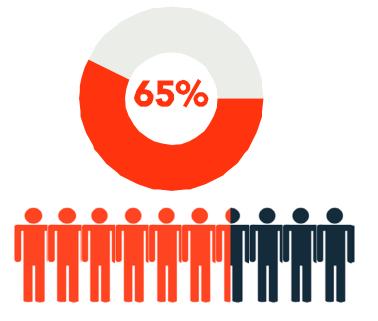
# Interise StreetWise 'MBA'™





# Small Business and the U.S. Economy

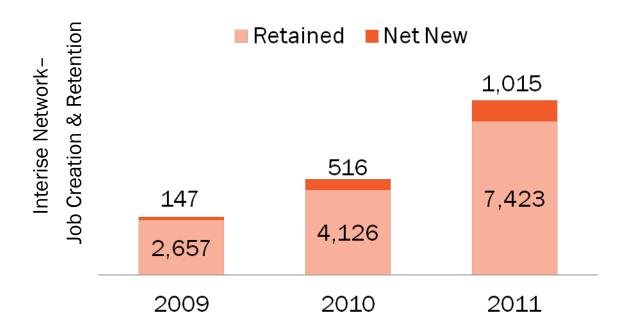




SMALL BUSINESSES EMPLOY ABOUT HALF OF ALL PRIVATE SECTOR EMPLOYEES AND, FROM 1993-2009, ACCOUNTED FOR NEARLY 65 PERCENT OF NET NEW JOBS, ACCORDING TO THE SBA



### **Interise Job Creation & Retention**



Our network's job growth rate was almost 7x that of private sector growth in 2010 & 2011



Source: Bureau of Labor Statistics (visited February 14, 2013). "The Editor's Desk: Job openings and labor turnover in December 2010." <u>http://www.bls.gov/opub/ted/2011/ted\_20110211.htm</u>. U.S. Department of Labor. Source: Interise 2011 Impact Report

## **Small Businesses & Uncertainty**

### Small businesses face multiple challenges:

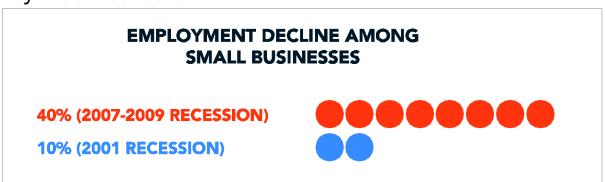
- Financing and credit challenges
- Limited resources
- Limited capacity
- Constrained ability to survive poor managerial decisions

### During the Great Recession, small businesses

struggled because of their inability to respond

to the uncertainty brought on by weak sales &

flagging consumer demand

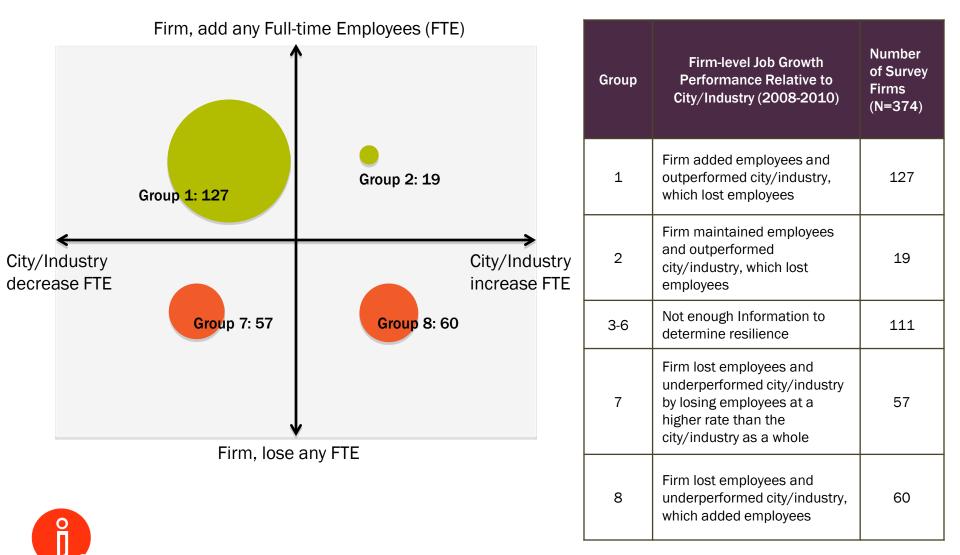


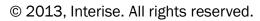


Source: Şahin, Ayşegül, Kitao, S., Cororaton, A, and Laiu, S. (2011), "Why Small Businesses Were Hit Harder by the Recession," Federal Reserve Bank of New York.

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### Why Did Some Small Firms Fare Better Than Others?





### **Understanding Small Business Resilience**

During and after the Great Recession <u>market volatility and uncertainty</u> have increasingly become the new norm.

Some small business have been able to thrive despite a stormy economic climate....

Why were some small businesses able to maintain or expand their workforce?

What gave these firms a leg up?

What skills can they teach businesses that fared poorly in the stormy economic climate?



# **Confronting Uncertainty**



### outcomesmtm.com





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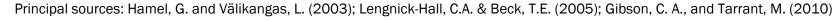
# **Resilience; Maintaining and Adding Jobs**

# "Strategic resilience is ... having the capacity to change before the case for change becomes deeply obvious."

- Hamel and Valikangas in "The Quest for Resilience," 2003

### Aspects of Organizational Resilience

- Resilience is an outcome
- Resilience is multidimensional and not static
- Resilience exists over a range of conditions
- Resilience is good risk management
- Resilience is the organizational ability and confidence to act decisively and effectively in response to disruptions that could jeopardize long-term survival



# **Studying Resilience Among Small Business**

This study examines the relationship between one measure of resilience

 the ability to maintain or add jobs in relation to city/industry during the recession and particular aspects of strategy

#### 742 small employer firms

were program participants between 2008 and 2010

#### Survey data from 374 firms

examined using two methods of quantitative analysis

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Potential case study firms



**26** Screened firms

### 16



including desk research on organizational resiliency



# **Survey Results**

#### **Survey Firms at a Glance**

### 374 | 253

Number of survey firms Number of firms adding net new FTES or maintaining all FTEs

### 414.5 FTES | 121

Net new full-time employees (FTEs) added, from 2007-2010 Number of firms losing

### -2 FTES

Median of net jobs lost per business for those reporting loss

### **2** FTES

Median of net new jobs created per business for those reporting zero or positive growth

### Synthesized Results of the Survey Analysis

Managerial Strengths Positively Associated with Resiliency

- Confidence in overall leadership
- Value of government contracts
- Regular use of financial data and analysis
- Mean of all strategies in 2010

Managerial Strengths Negatively Associated with Resiliency

- Confidence in retaining existing customers
- Confidence in applying for government contracts

#### Managerial Strengths with Mixed Significant Results

- •Knowing how to make an effective case for additional funding
- Using well thought out procedures to address human resource needs
- Sales strategy & marketing

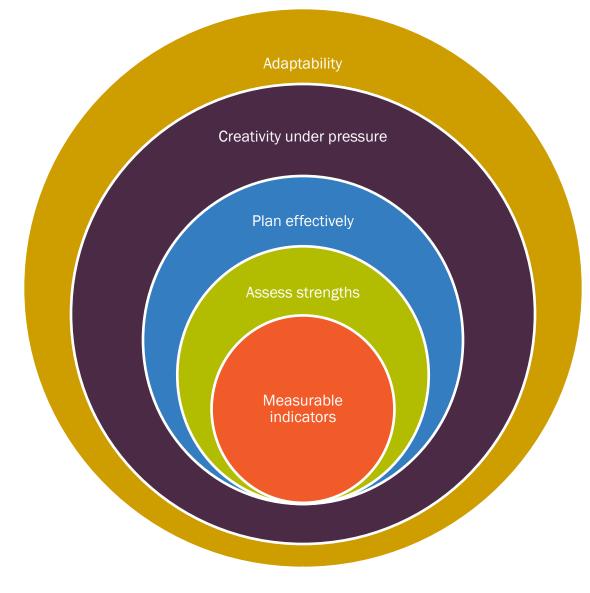


# **Case Study Results**

#### **Case Study Firms at a Glance**

16	13.4 Years	>\$500,000 - \$18 million	<b>56.25%</b>	- <b>38</b> ftes*	14	6
Number of case study firms	Average length of time as business owner	Range of revenue of firms	Firms reporting new financing since 2008	Average number of full-time employees (FTEs) per business	Number of firms adding net new FTEs or maintaining all FTEs	Number of firms reporting fluctuations in FTEs
		Strategic position Focus on o Brand/market Exercise leaders Employee managem Financial discip Access to cap Focused growth p Business netwo Customer relati Secure new busin Build partners	sore ting 4 ship tent line 9 oital 7 olan 7 orks 3 ons 5 ess 6 ship 6			
0			0 5 1 NUMBER OF CAS			

# **Key Findings**





### **Capabilities of Resilience**

#### 5. Adaptability

**Resilient firms are adaptable,** committed to firm improvement and able to dynamically revise aspects of the firm's strategic positioning in response to market shifts rather than sticking to a conventional business routine or adopting a reactive posture. Adaptability also requires at least some competency in the aforementioned capabilities.

#### 4. Creativity Under Pressure 🔺

**Resilient firms demonstrate creativity under pressure,** trying new ideas that respond to the unexpected opportunities brought on by market volatility instead of relying on normal business routines or established strategic growth plans.

#### 2. Assess Strengths ►

#### **3. Plan Effectively** ▲

**Resilient firms correctly assess strengths and the business environment, identifying possible responses** rather than relying on formulas and planned strategic growth schemes. **Resilient firms plan effectively,** identifying alternative responses to dramatic change and demonstrating how these new approaches will add value instead of soliciting assistance without a clear vision of sustainability.

#### 1. Measurable Indicators 🔺

**Resilient firms make effective use of measurable indicators**, using them to build internal structures and create firm opportunities rather than simply focusing on survival.

BASIC FIRM HEALTH

TAKING CONTROL OF DESTINY



# **Strategy Under Pressure**



Photo: http://ow.ly/hIKZ2

#### Firm at a Glance

Industry: Healthcare services Location: Des Moines, Iowa

Length of time as a business owner:	13 years (co-owner)		
Number of full time employees (FTEs) in 2008:	16		
Number of FTEs added in 2009:	-1		
Number of FTEs added in 2010:	9.5		
Number of FTEs added in 2011:	15.5		
Estimated employee turnover:	2% annually		
Outperforming city/industry, as of 2010:	75.73%		
Estimated revenue (in 2012):	\$13-18M		
Reported increase in revenue:	490% (in 2011)		
New financing since 2008:	None		



# **Resilience – No Quick Fix**



Photo: Ed Gaillard, http://ow.ly/hJ7f6 /

- Businesses must acquire the capacity for resilience before difficult economic times
- Resilience depends on numerous variables and varies over time, so firms need to constantly work toward increased resilience

# **Translating Strategy into Action**

### **Demonstrated Challenges Among Study Firms:**

- Manage human resources
- Effective employee management
- Effective growth management
- Build internal capacity & adaptability skills





# **Planning for a Rainy Day**

### **Building Capacity to Manage and Proactively Respond**

- Balance between control and flexibility
- Reliable systems and organizational structures to create consistent operations and the capacity to pivot
- Strong management team
- CEO focused on strategy, not operations





Photo: http://ow.ly/hH2Hf © 2013, Interise. All rights reserved.

# Implications

- Support small business development programs that are focused on building the capabilities that improve the sustainability of *existing* businesses creativity, flexibility and adaptability.
- Integrate small business capacity building and lending.
  - If a bank gives a small business a loan without a strategic plan, they are gambling. If that business has a strategic plan, it's an investment.
- Identify existing small businesses that are less resilient and target ways to better prepare them to navigate uncertainty.
- Strengthen local and regional economic areas through small business development that supports the growth and sustainability of existing small businesses as well as the creation of new ones.



# **Navigating Uncertainty – the Sequel**

### In the next phase of research, Interise will focus on:

### •A more nuanced—and comprehensive—look at resilience

- How does the local business environment and community impact small business resilience?
- How and why does firm resilience degrade or improve over time?

# •A deeper understanding of what's necessary to improve a firm's capacity for resilience

- What is the relationship between small business development and strategic hiring and the creation of responsive organizational structures in building resilience?
- How to help develop the capacities for greater resilience?
  - How can these employer firms foster the competitive orientation and innovation necessary to rapidly respond to volatile environments?
  - How can small employer firms better attract, hire, and support the people who possess these traits and capabilities?



### Learn More



If you are committed to helping small businesses in your community or interested in the next phase of our research ... We should talk.



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